UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

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(Mark One) ⊠ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT T	O SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF T	THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	he quarterly period ended June	
	OR	
TDANSITION DEDOCT DUDSHANT TO		THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	, ,	
For the transition	period from t	
	Commission File Number: 001-38	3508
(Exact	Lottery.com Inc	
Delaware		81-1996183
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
20808 State Hwy 71 W, Unit B, Spicewood, T	exas	78669
(Address of principal executive offices)		(zip code)
	(512) 592-2451 strant's telephone number, includi N/A ner address and former fiscal year,	
Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, \$0.001 par value	LTRY	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Warrants to purchase one share of common stock, each at an exercise price of \$11.50	LTRYW	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
		by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 d to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing
		ve Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 o ter period that the registrant was required to submit such files)
		iler, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth
Large accelerated filer \square Non-accelerated filer \boxtimes		er □ ing company ⊠ vth company ⊠
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant		use the extended transition period for complying with any new e Act. \square
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell com-	ipany (as defined in Rule 12b-2 o	f the Exchange Act). \square Yes \boxtimes No
As of May 19, 2023, 50,925,271 shares of common stock in	par value \$0 001 per share were is	sued and outstanding

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CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this "Report") contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), including statements about the financial condition, results of operations, earnings outlook and prospects of Lottery.com Inc. ("Lottery.com", the "Company", "we" or "us"). Forward-looking statements appear in a number of places in this Report, including, without limitation, under the heading in Part I, "Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." In addition, any statements that refer to projections, forecasts or other characterizations of future events or circumstances, including any underlying assumptions, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as "plan," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "outlook," "estimate," "forecast," "project," "continue," "could," "may," "might," "possible," "potential," "predict," "should," "would" and other similar words and expressions, but the absence of these words does not mean that a statement is not forward-looking.

Forward-looking statements are based on the current expectations of the management of Lottery.com and are inherently subject to uncertainties and changes in circumstances and their potential effects and speak only as of the date of such statement. There can be no assurance that future developments will be those that have been anticipated. These forward-looking statements involve a number of risks, uncertainties or other assumptions that may cause actual results or performance to be materially different from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those factors discussed and identified in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in Amendment No. 1 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2021 (the "Amended Annual Report") and in this Report, as such factors may be updated in our periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), as well as the following:

- The findings of the previously disclosed Internal Investigation (as defined herein) and other matters have exposed us to a number of legal proceedings, investigations and inquiries, resulted in significant legal and other expenses, required significant time and attention from our senior management, among other adverse impacts.
- We and certain of our former officers are, and in the future, we or our officers and directors may become, the subject of legal proceedings, investigations and inquiries by governmental agencies with respect to the findings of the Internal Investigation and other matters, which could have a material adverse effect on our reputation, business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations, and could result in additional claims and material liabilities.
- We have been named as a defendant in a number of lawsuits filed by purchasers of our securities, including class action lawsuits that could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition, results of operation and cash flows, and our reputation.
- Matters relating to or arising from the restatement and the Internal Investigation, including adverse publicity and potential concerns from our
 users, customers or others with whom we do business, have had and could continue to have an adverse effect on our business and financial
 condition.
- In July 2022, we furloughed the majority of our employees and suspended our lottery game sales operations after determining that we did not have sufficient financial resources to fund our operations or pay certain existing obligations, including our payroll and related obligations. As a result, we may not be able to continue as a going concern.
- We need additional capital to, among other things, support and restart our operations, re-hire employees and pay our expenses. Such capital may not be available on commercially acceptable terms, if at all. If we do not receive the additional capital, we may be forced to curtail or abandon our plans to recommence our operations and we may need to permanently cease our operations.

- If we fail to implement and maintain an effective system of internal controls, we may be unable to accurately report our results of operations, meet our reporting obligations or prevent fraud, and investor confidence and the trading price of our common stock and warrants may be materially and adversely affected.
- The circumstances that led to the failure to file our annual report and quarterly reports on time, and our efforts to investigate, assess and remediate those matters have caused and may continue to cause substantial delays in our SEC filings.
- Our inability to compete with other forms of entertainment for consumers' discretionary time and income.
- Economic downturns, inflation, geopolitical and political and market conditions beyond our control.
- Negative events or media coverage relating to our business, our management and directors, the lottery, lottery games or online gaming or betting.
- Our inability to attract and retain users, including as a result of failing to appear in Internet search engine results.
- Our continued ability to use domain names to promote and increase the value of our brand.
- Scrutiny by stakeholders with respect to responsible gaming and ethical conduct.
- Our ability to achieve profitability and growth in the newly-developed market for online lottery games.
- Our inability to profitably expand into new markets or capitalize on new gaming and lottery industry trends and changes, such as by developing successful new product offerings.
- The effectiveness of our marketing efforts in developing and maintaining our brand and reputation.
- Failure to offer high-quality user support.
- Adverse impacts to user relationships resulting from disruptions to our information technology.
- The vulnerability of our information systems to cyberattacks and disruptions caused with respect thereto, including an inability to securely
 maintain personal and other proprietary user information.
- Our inability to adapt to changes or updates in the Internet, mobile or personal devices, or new technology platforms or network infrastructures.
- The exposure of our online infrastructure to risks relating to new and untested distributed ledger technology.
- Our inability to comply with complex, ever-changing and multi-jurisdictional regulatory regimes and other legal requirements applicable to the gaming and lottery industries.
- Geopolitical shifts and changes in applicable laws or regulations or the manner in which they are interpreted.
- Our inability to successfully expand geographically and acquire and integrate new operations.
- Our dependence on third-party service providers to timely perform services or software component products for our gaming platforms, product offerings and the processing of user payments and withdrawals.
- Our inability to maintain successful relationships and/or agreements with lottery organizations and other third-party marketing or service provider affiliates.

- Failure of third-party service providers to protect, enforce, or defend intellectual property rights required to fulfill contractual obligations required for the operation of our business.
- The effectiveness of our transition and compliance with the regulatory and other requirements of being a newly public company.
- We are currently not in compliance with the continued listing standards of Nasdaq and may not be able to regain compliance with Nasdaq's continued listing standards in the future.
- Limited liquidity and trading of our securities.
- Woodford may not loan us the amounts they agreed to under the Loan Agreement.
- Our obligations under the Loan Agreement (as defined herein) are secured by a first priority security interest in substantially all of our assets and if we were to default, they could force us to curtail or abandon our business plans and operations.
- The issuance and sale of common stock upon conversion of the amounts owed or upon exercise of the warrants issued to Woodford (as defined herein) under the Loan Agreement may depress the market price of our common stock and cause substantial dilution
- We currently owe a significant amount of money under our Loan Agreement, which we may not be able to repay.

The risks described herein or in the "Risk Factors" sections of our other public filings referenced above are not exhaustive. Other sections of this Report describe additional factors that could adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations. New risk factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible to predict all such risk factors, nor can we assess the impact of all such risk factors on our business, or the extent to which any factor or combination of factors may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of performance. You should not put undue reliance on these statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. All forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the foregoing cautionary statements. We undertake no obligations to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

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LOTTERY.COM INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

		June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021 (As Restated)		
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash	\$	369,322	\$	32,638,970	
Restricted Cash		30,000,000		-	
Accounts receivable		202,064		79,181	
Prepaid expenses		20,627,111		22,896,638	
Other current assets	_	259,447		226,200	
Total current assets		51,457,944		55,840,989	
Notes Receivable		2,000,000		<u>-</u>	
Investments		250,000		250,000	
Other long term assets		13,009,686		-	
Goodwill		19,590,758		19,590,758	
Intangible assets, net		27,207,725		28,710,980	
Property and equipment, net		117,273		141,279	
Total assets	\$	113,633,386	\$	104,534,006	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Trade payables	\$	4,728,841	\$	1,006,535	
Deferred revenue		517,857		1,162,335	
Notes payable – current		3,292,244		3,771,340	
Accrued interest		365,376		176,260	
Accrued and other expenses		3,263,228		4,416,168	
Total current liabilities		12,167,546		10,532,638	
Language Philipper					
Long-term liabilities:		1 500		1 100	
Other long-term liabilities	_	1,522		1,169	
Total long-term liabilities		1,522		1,169	
Commitments & Contingencies (Note 12)		30,000,000		-	
Total liabilities		42,169,068		10,533,807	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)					
Equity Controlling Interest					
Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001, 1,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding		-		-	
Common stock, par value \$0.001, 500,000,000 shares authorized, 50,540,906 and 50,256,317					
issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively		50,540		50,256	
Additional paid-in capital		267,191,008		239,358,644	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(11,720)		(655)	
Accumulated deficit		(198,295,525)		(148,188,138)	
Total Lottery.com Inc. stockholders' equity		68,934,303		91,220,107	
Noncontrolling interest		2,530,015		2,780,092	
Total Equity		71,464,318		94,000,199	
· ·		-, 10 1,010		2 1,000,100	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	113,633,386	\$	104,534,006	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

LOTTERY.COM INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,				
		2022		2021		2022		2021
Revenue	\$	1,885,171	\$	9,878,497	\$	5,515,863	\$	15,340,036
Cost of revenue		1,577,239		1,063,355		3,961,981	•	4,010,336
Gross profit		307,932		8,815,142		1,553,882		11,329,700
Operating expenses:								
Personnel costs		9,512,356		2,025,745		33,915,222		3,121,538
Professional fees		1,219,509		28,260		4,357,459		2,443,458
General and administrative		3,881,057		4,880,934		6,893,234		6,269,508
Depreciation and amortization		1,297,394		808,382		2,671,319		1,175,641
Total operating expenses		15,910,316		7,743,321		47,837,234		13,010,145
Income (loss) from operations		(15,602,384)	\$	1,071,821		(46,283,352)	\$	(1,680,445)
Other expenses								
Interest (income) expense		71,045		2,742,163		75,026		5,214,211
Other (income) expense		(247,851)		(251,771)		3,941,293		(20,051)
Total other expenses (income), net		(176,806)		2,490,392		4,016,319		5,194,160
Net loss before income tax	\$	(15,425,578)	\$	(1,418,571)	\$	(50,299,671)	\$	(6,874,605)
Income tax expense (benefit)		23,364	,	-	•	46,728	•	-
Net loss		(15,448,942)		(1,418,571)		(50,346,399)		(6,874,605)
Other comprehensive loss								
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net		(10,001)		_		(11,065)		_
Comprehensive loss		(15,458,941)	_	(1,418,571)		(50,357,464)		(6,874,605)
National Parkleton and Providence		100 500				252.055		
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		102,520				250,077		
Net loss attributable to Lottery.com Inc.	_	(15,356,422)		(1,418,571)	_	(50,107,386)	_	(6,874,605)
Net loss per common share								
Basic and diluted	\$	(0.30)	\$	(0.06)	\$	(1.00)	\$	(0.29)
Weighted average common shares outstanding								
Basic and diluted	_	50,412,982	_	24,080,026	_	50,346,649	_	23,492,214

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

LOTTERY.COM INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (UNAUDITED) For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	Commo	n Stock	Additional Paid-In	Accumulated	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Total AutoLotto Inc. Stockholders'	Noncontrolling	Total Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	i e	Deficit	Income	Equity	Interest	Equity
Balance as of	Shares	Imount	Cupitai	Dener	THEOME	Equity	Interest	Equity
December 31, 2020 Issuance of common	22,658,006	\$ 22,658	\$ 111,752,883	\$ (95,140,568)	-	\$ 16,634,973	\$ -	\$ 16,634,973
stock upon stock option exercise	115,724	116	6,882	-	-	6,998	-	6,998
Conversion of convertible debt Beneficial conversion	1,398,224	1,398	933,602	-	-	935,000	-	935,000
feature Issuance of digital	-	-	9,149,683	-	-	9,149,683	-	9,149,683
securities Stock based	-	-	108,332	-	-	108,332	-	108,332
compensation Issuance of common	-	-	4,320	-	-	4,320	-	4,320
stock for the purchase of JuegaLotto	688,335	688	459,462		-	460,150	-	460,150
Net loss				(6,874,605)	<u> </u>	(6,874,605)		(6,874,605)
Balance as of June 30, 2021	24,860,289	24,860	122,415,164	(102,015,173)	·	20,424,851		20,424,851
Balance as of March 31, 2021	24,071,259	\$ 24,071	\$121,947,545	\$(100,596,602)	\$ -	\$ 21,375,014	\$	\$ 21,375,014
Stock based compensation	_	_	\$ 2,160	_	_	2,160	_	2,160
Issuance of common stock upon stock	400.605	101	, , ,			, ,		
option exercise Issuance of common stock for the purchase	100,695	101	5,997	-	-	6,098	-	6,098
of JuegaLotto Net loss	688,335	688	459,462	- (1,418,571)	- '	460,150 (1,418,571)		460,150 (1,418,571)
Balance as of June 30, 2021	24,860,289	\$ 24,860	\$122,415,164	\$(102,015,173)	\$ -	\$ 20,424,851	\$ -	\$ 20,424,851
	Common Shares	Stock Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total AutoLotto Inc. Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance as of	E0.2E0.247	ф <u>го</u> э <u>г</u> с	#220.250.C44	Ф(1.40.100.120)	ф (CEE)	ф. 01.220.107	ф 2.700.002	Ф. 04.000.100
December 31, 2021 Issuance of common stock upon stock	50,256,31/	\$ 50,256	\$239,358,644	\$(148,188,138)	\$ (655)	\$ 91,220,107	\$ 2,780,092	\$ 94,000,199
option exercise Issuance of common	60,116	60	(60)	-	-	-	-	-
stock for legal settlement	60,000	60	241,680	-	-	241,740	-	241,740
Stock based compensation Other comprehensive	164,473	164	27,590,744	-	-	27,590,908	-	27,590,908
loss Net loss	- -	-	-	- (50,107,387)	(11,065)	(11,065) (50,107,387)	- (250,077)	(11,065) (50,357,464)
				(= :,=::,;:::,)		(32,227,007)	(===,=, , ,)	(= 3,22. ; .0. !)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	50,540,906	\$ 50,540	\$267,191,008	<u>\$(198,295,525)</u>	\$ (11,720)	\$ 68,934,303	\$ 2,530,015	\$ 71,464,318
Balance as of March 31, 2022	50,376,433	50,376	260,480,919	(182,939,102)	(1,719)	\$ 77,590,474	\$ 2,632,535	80,223,009
Stock based compensation	164,473	164	\$ 6,710,089	-	-	6,710,253	-	6,710,253
Other comprehensive loss	-	_	-	_ :	\$ (10,001)	(10,001)	-	(10,001)

Net loss				\$ (15,356,423)		(15,356,	423)	(102,520)	(15,458,943)
Balance as of June									
30, 2022	50,540,906	\$ 50,540	\$267,191,008	\$(198,295,525)	\$ (11,720)	\$ 68,934,	303 \$	2,530,015	\$ 71,464,318

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

LOTTERY.COM INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

		Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2022	2021		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net Loss	\$	(50,107,386)	\$ (6,874,605)		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:					
Loss Attributable to noncontrolling interest		(250,077)	-		
Depreciation and amortization		2,707,239	1,343,744		
Non-cash interest expense		-	1,841,807		
Issuance of common stock for legal settlement		241,740	-		
Stock based compensation		27,590,908	2,160		
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable		(122,883)	-		
Prepaid expenses		2,269,527	894,872		
Other current assets		(33,247)	(54,853)		
Other long-term assets		(13,009,686)	-		
Note receivable		(2,000,000)	-		
Trade payables		3,722,305	(354,736)		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(1,152,940)	1,512,125		
Deferred revenue		(644,478)	(2,039,113)		
Accrued interest		189,116	(605,961)		
Other long term liabilities		353	-		
Commitments and contingencies		30,000,000			
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities		(599,509)	(4,334,560)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of fixed assets		(18,305)	(57,452)		
Purchase of intangibles		(1,161,673)	(3,050,000)		
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,179,978)	(3,107,452)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		, , , ,			
Issuance of digital securities		-	108,332		
Proceeds from exercise of options and warrants		-	895		
Proceeds from issuance of convertible debt		-	19,282,619		
Payments on notes payable - related parties		(479,096)	-		
Principal payments on debt		-	(4,856,250)		
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(479,096)	14,535,596		
Net effect of exchange rate changes on Cash		(11,065)	-		
NET CHANGE IN NET CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH		(2,269,648)	7,093,584		
CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR		32,638,970	158,492		
CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH - END OF PERIOD	\$	30,369,322	\$ 7,252,076		
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:			4 1,202,010		
Interest paid in cash	\$	_	\$ 24,280		
Taxes paid in cash	\$ \$	<u>-</u>	\$ 24,200		
Noncash investing and financing activities	Ψ	-	ψ -		
Conversion of convertible debt into common stock	¢		¢ 025.000		
	\$		\$ 935,000		
Purchase of intangible assets through the issuance of convertible debt	\$		\$15,450,000		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

LOTTERY.COM INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. Nature of Operations

Description of Business

Lottery.com Inc. (formerly Trident Acquisitions Corp) ("TDAC", "Lottery.com" or "the Company"), was formed as a Delaware corporation on March 17, 2016. On October 29, 2021, we consummated a business combination (the "Business Combination") with AutoLotto, Inc. ("AutoLotto") pursuant to the terms of a Business Combination Agreement, dated February 21, 2021 ("Business Combination Agreement"). Following the closing of the Business Combination (the "Closing") we changed our name from "Trident Acquisitions Corp." to "Lottery.com Inc." and the business of AutoLotto became our business. In connection with the Business Combination, we moved our headquarters from New York, New York to AutoLotto's offices in Spicewood, Texas.

We are a provider of domestic and international lottery products and services. As an independent third-party lottery game service, we offer a platform developed and operated by us to enable the remote purchase of legally sanctioned lottery games in the U.S. and abroad (the "Platform"). Our revenue generating activities are focused on (i) offering the Platform via the Lottery.com app and our websites to users located in the U.S. and international jurisdictions where the sale of lottery games is legal and our services are enabled for the remote purchase of legally sanctioned lottery games (our "B2C Platform"); (ii) offering an internally developed, created and operated business-to-business application programming interface ("API") of the Platform to enable commercial partners in permitted U.S. and international jurisdictions to purchase certain legally operated lottery games from us and resell them to users located within their respective jurisdictions ("B2B API"); and (iii) delivering global lottery data, such as winning numbers and results, to commercial digital subscribers and providing access to other proprietary, anonymized transaction data pursuant to multi-year contracts ("Data Service").

We have been a provider of lottery products and services, our business is subject to regulation in each jurisdiction in which we offer the B2C Platform, or a commercial partner offers users access to lottery games through the B2B API. In addition, we must also comply with the requirements of federal and other domestic and foreign regulatory bodies and governmental authorities in jurisdictions in which we operate or with authority over our business. Our business is also subject to multiple other domestic and international laws, including those relating to the transmission of information, privacy, security, data retention, and other consumer focused laws, and, as such, may be impacted by changes in the interpretation of such laws.

On June 30, 2021, we acquired an interest in Medios Electronicos y de Comunicacion, S.A.P.I de C.V. ("Aganar") and JuegaLotto, S.A. de C.V. ("JuegaLotto"). Aganar is authorized to operate in the licensed iLottery market in Mexico since 2007 as an online retailer of Mexican National Lottery draw games, instant digital scratch-off games and other games of chance. JuegaLotto is authorized by the Mexican federal regulatory authorities to sell international lottery games in Mexico.

On July 28, 2022, the Board determined that the Company did not currently have sufficient financial resources to fund its operations or pay certain existing obligations, including its payroll and related obligations and effectively ceased its operations furloughing certain employees effective July 29, 2022 (the "Operational Cessation"). Subsequently, the Company has had minimal day-to-day operations and has primarily focused its operations on restarting certain aspects of its core business (the "Plans for Recommencement of Company Operations").

On April 25, 2023, as part of the Plans for Recommencement of Company Operations, the Company resumed its ticket sales operations to support its affiliate partners through its Texas retail network.

2. Liquidity and Going Concern

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis of accounting, which contemplates continuity of operations, realization of assets and classification of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not reflect any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or the amounts and classifications of liabilities that might result if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 205-40, Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern, management must evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for one year from the date these financial statements are issued. This evaluation does not take into consideration the potential mitigating effect of management's plans that have not been fully implemented or are not within control of the Company as of the date the financial statements are issued. When substantial doubt exists under this methodology, management evaluates whether the mitigating effect of its plans sufficiently alleviates substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The mitigating effect of management's plans, however, is only considered if both (1) it is probable that the plans will be effectively implemented within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued, and (2) it is probable that the plans, when implemented, will mitigate the relevant conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Due to losses experienced by the Company's Operational Cessation, the Company has experienced recurring net losses and negative cash flows from operations and has an accumulated deficit of approximately \$198 million and a working capital of approximately \$9.3 million at June 30, 2022. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company sustained loss from operations of 15.6 million and \$46.3 million, respectively. The Company had income from operations of \$1.1 million and loss from operations of \$1.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectfully.

The Company has historically funded its activities to date almost exclusively from debt and equity financing. Management's plans in order to meet its operating cash flow requirements include financing activities such as private placements of its common stock, preferred stock offerings, and issuances of debt and convertible debt. Although Management believes that it will be able to continue to raise funds by sale of its securities to provide the additional cash needed to meet the Company's obligations as they become due beginning with a loan agreement the Company entered into with Woodford Eurasia Assets, Ltd. ("Woodford") on December 7, 2022 (see Note 14. Subsequent Events), the Plans for Recommencement of Company Operations to require substantial funds to implement and there is no assurance that the Company will be able to continue raising the required capital.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern for the next twelve months from the issuance of these financial statements depends on its ability to execute its business plan, increase revenue, and reduce expenditures. Such conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

We will require additional financing to continue to execute on our business plan. However, there can be no assurances that we will be successful in raising the additional capital necessary to continue operations and execute on our business plan.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X. Certain footnotes and other financial information normally required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, or GAAP, have been condensed or omitted in accordance with such rules and regulations. In management's opinion, these condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as our annual consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring items, considered necessary for the fair presentation. The operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2022.

The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2021 has been derived from our unaudited financial statements at that date but does not include all disclosures and financial information required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The information included in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2021, which were included in Amendment No. 1 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A that was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 10, 2023.

Impact of Trident Acquisition Corp. Business Combination

We accounted for the October 29, 2021 Business Combination as a reverse recapitalization whereby AutoLotto was determined as the accounting acquirer and TDAC as the accounting acquiree. This determination was primarily based on:

- former AutoLotto stockholders having the largest voting interest in Lottery.com;
- the Board of Directors of Lottery.com having not less than 5 members, and TDAC only having the ability under the Business Combination Agreement to nominate one member to the Board of Directors for an initial two year term;
- AutoLotto management continuing to hold executive management roles for the post-Business Combination entity and being responsible for the day-to-day operations;
- the post-Business Combination entity assuming the Lottery.com name, which was the assumed name under which AutoLotto conducted business;
- Lottery.com maintaining the pre-existing AutoLotto headquarters; and
- the intended strategy of Lottery.com being a continuation of AutoLotto's strategy.

Accordingly, the Business Combination was treated as the equivalent of AutoLotto issuing stock for the net assets of TDAC, accompanied by a recapitalization. The net assets of TDAC are stated at historical cost, with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded.

While TDAC was the legal acquirer in the Business Combination, because AutoLotto was determined to be the accounting acquirer, the historical financial statements of AutoLotto became the historical financial statements of the combined company, upon the consummation of the Business Combination. As a result, the financial statements included in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements reflect (i) the historical operating results of AutoLotto prior to the Business Combination; (ii) our combined results and AutoLotto following the Closing; (iii) the assets and liabilities of AutoLotto at their historical cost; and (iv) our equity structure for all periods presented.

In connection with the Business Combination transaction, we have converted the equity structure for the periods prior to the Business Combination to reflect the number of shares of our common stock issued to AutoLotto's stockholders in connection with the recapitalization transaction. As such, the shares, corresponding capital amounts and earnings per share, as applicable, related to AutoLotto convertible preferred stock and common stock prior to the Business Combination have been retroactively converted by applying the exchange ratio established in the Business Combination.

Non-controlling Interests

Non-controlling interests represent the proportionate ownership of Aganar and JuegaLotto, held by minority members and reflect their capital investments as well as their proportionate interest in subsidiary losses and other changes in members' equity, including translation adjustments.

Segment Reporting

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by our management in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing operating performance. Under the provisions of ASC 280-10, "Segment Reporting" ("ASC 280"), we are not organized around specific services or geographic regions. We operate in one service line, providing lottery products and services.

Our management uses financial information, business prospects, competitive factors, operating results and other non-U.S. GAAP financial ratios to evaluate our performance, which is the same basis on which our results and performance are communicated to our Board of Directors. Based on the information described above and in accordance with the applicable literature, management has concluded that we are organized and operated as one operating and reportable segment on a condensed consolidated basis for each of the periods presented.

Concentration of Credit Risks

Financial instruments that are potentially subject to concentrations of credit risk are primarily cash. Cash is placed with major financial institutions deemed to be of high-credit-quality in order to limit credit exposure. Cash is regularly maintained in excess of federally insured limits at the financial institutions. Management believes that we are not exposed to any significant credit risk related to cash deposits.

Significant customers are those which represent more than 10% of our revenues for each period presented, or our accounts receivable balance as of each respective balance sheet date. For each significant customer, revenue as a percentage of total revenue and accounts receivable as a percentage of total net accounts receivable are as follows:

Revenue

Customer	For the six months ended June 30,					
	2022	2021				
Customer A	24%	-%				
Customer B	8%	19%				
Customer C	-%	46%				
Customer D	-%	20%				

The customers above had no outstanding receivables as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions to determine the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Although management believes these estimates are reasonable, actual results could differ from these estimates. We evaluate our estimates on an ongoing basis and prepare our estimates on a historical experience using assumptions we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Foreign currency translation

The financial statements of the Company's significant non-U.S. subsidiaries are translated into United States dollars in accordance with ASC 830, "Foreign Currency Matters", using period-end rates of exchange for assets and liabilities, and average rates of exchange for the period for revenues, costs and expenses and historical rates for equity. Resulting foreign currency translation adjustments are recorded directly in accumulated other comprehensive loss as a separate component of shareholders' deficit. Transaction gains and losses that arise from exchange rate fluctuations on transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency are included in general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive loss when realized.

Cash

As of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, cash and cash equivalents were composed of cash deposits. Certain deposits with some banks exceeded federally insured limits with the majority of cash held in one financial institution. Management believes all financial institutions holding its cash are of high credit quality and does not believe we are subject to unusual credit risk beyond the normal credit risk associated with commercial banking relationships.

The Company had no marketable securities as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

Accounts Receivable

Through the various merchant providers used by us, we pre-authorize forms of payment prior to the sale of digital representation of lottery games to minimize exposure to losses related to uncollected payments and we do not extend credit to the user of the B2C Platform or the commercial partner of the B2B API, or its customers, in the normal course of business. We accrue 100 percent of all expenses associated with LotteryLink prior to issuing accounts payable to a Master Affiliate or receiving associated payments. We estimate our bad debt exposure each period and record a bad debt provision for accounts receivable we believe may not be collected in full. The Company did not record any allowance for uncollectible receivables as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021. The Company has not incurred bad debt expense historically.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses consist of payments made on contractual obligations for services to be consumed in future periods. The Company entered into an agreement with a third party to provide advertising services and issued equity instruments as compensation for the advertising services. The Company expenses the service as it is performed. The value of the services provided were used to value these contracts. The current portion of prepaid expenses is included in current assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Investments

On August 2, 2018, AutoLotto purchased 186,666 shares of Class A-1 common stock of a third-party business development partner representing 4% of the total outstanding shares of such company. As this investment resulted in less than 20% ownership, it was accounted for using the cost basis method.

Property and equipment, net

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation and amortization are generally computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives ranging from three to five years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the estimated useful life of the asset. Routine maintenance and repair costs are expensed as incurred. The costs of major additions, replacements and improvements are capitalized. Gains and losses realized on the sale or disposal of property and equipment are recognized or charged to other expense in the condensed consolidated statement of operations.

Depreciation of property and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Computers and equipment	3 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 years
Software	3 years

Notes Receivable

Notes receivable consist of contracts where the Company has loaned funds to outside parties. The Company accrues interest receivable over the term of the outstanding notes and reviews for doubtful collectability periodically but in no instance less than annually.

Leases

Right-of-use assets ("ROU assets") represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. Variable lease payments are not included in the calculation of the right-of-use asset and lease liability due to uncertainty of the payment amount and are recorded as lease expense in the period incurred. As most of the leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Company used its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. Otherwise, the implicit rate was used when readily determinable. The lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Under the available practical expedient, the Company accounts for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component for all classes of underlying assets as both a lessee and lessor. Further, management elected a short-term lease exception policy on all classes of underlying assets, permitting the Company to not apply the recognition requirements of this standard to short-term leases (i.e. leases with terms of 12 months or less).

Internal Use Software Development

Software development costs incurred internally to develop software programs to be used solely to meet our internal needs and applications are capitalized once the preliminary project stage is complete and it is probable that the project will be completed and the software will be used to perform the intended function. Additionally, we capitalize qualifying costs incurred for upgrades and enhancements to existing software that result in additional functionality. Costs related to preliminary project planning activities, post-implementation activities, maintenance and minor modifications are expensed as incurred. Internal-use software development costs are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life of the software.

Software License

Software license represents the Company's license agreements for third party software, which are amortized over their estimated economic lives.

Customer relationships

Customer relationships are finite-lived intangible assets, which are amortized over their estimated economic lives. Customer relationships are generally recognized as the result of business combinations.

Gaming Licenses

The Company incurs fees in connection with applying for and maintaining good standing in jurisdictions via business licenses. Fees incurred in connection with the application and subsequent renewals are capitalized and amortized using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life. These fees are capitalized and amortized over the shorter of their expected benefit under the partnership agreement or estimated useful life.

Trademarks and Tradenames

The Company incurs fees in connection with applying for and maintaining trademarks and tradenames as well as trademarks and tradenames resulting from acquisitions. Fees incurred in connection with the application and subsequent renewals are capitalized and amortized using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life.

Domain Name

Domain name represents the cost incurred to purchase website domain names which are being amortized on a straight-line method over estimated useful lives.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets, except for goodwill, consist of property and equipment and finite-lived acquired intangible assets, such as internal-use software, software licenses, customer relationships, gaming licenses, trademarks, tradenames and customer relationships. Long-lived assets, except for goodwill and indefinite-lived assets, are tested for recoverability whenever events or changes in business circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be fully recoverable. Impairment expense is recognized to the extent an asset's expected undiscounted future cash flows are less than the asset's carrying amount. The Company determined that there was no significant impairment of long-lived assets during the six months ended June 30, 2022 or the year ended December 31, 2021.

Goodwill

The Company's business is classified into one reporting unit. In testing goodwill for impairment, the Company has the option to begin with a qualitative assessment, commonly referred to as "Step 0," to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit containing goodwill is less than its carrying value. This qualitative assessment may include, but is not limited to, reviewing factors such as macroeconomic conditions, industry and market considerations, cost factors, entity-specific financial performance and other events, such as changes in the Company's management, strategy and primary user base. If the Company determines that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value, the Company performs a quantitative goodwill impairment analysis by comparing the carrying amount to the fair value of the reporting unit. If the carrying amount exceeds the fair value, goodwill will be written down to the fair value and recorded as impairment expense in the consolidated statements of operations. The Company performs its impairment testing annually and when circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying value.

Revenue Recognition

Under the new standard, ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)" ("ASC 606"), the Company recognizes revenues when the following criteria are met: (i) persuasive evidence of a contract with a customer exists; (ii) identifiable performance obligations under the contract exist; (iii) the transaction price is determinable for each performance obligation; (iv) the transaction price is allocated to each performance obligation; and (v) when the performance obligations are satisfied. Revenues are recognized when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to the customers in an amount that reflects the consideration expected to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services.

Lottery game revenue

Items that fall under this revenue classification include:

Lottery game sales

The Company's performance obligations of delivering lottery games are satisfied at the time in which the digital representation of the lottery game is delivered to the user of the B2C Platform or the commercial partner of the B2B API, therefore, revenue is recognized at a point in time. The Company receives consideration for lottery game sales at the time of delivery to the customer, either the user or commercial partner, as applicable. There is no variable consideration related to lottery game sales. As each individual lottery game delivered represents a distinct performance obligation and consideration for each game sale is fixed, representing the standalone selling price, there is no allocation of consideration necessary.

In accordance with ASC 606, the Company evaluates the presentation of revenue on a gross versus net basis dependent on if the Company is a principal or agent. In making this evaluation, some of the factors that are considered include whether the Company has control over the specified good or service before it is transferred to the customer. The Company also assesses if it is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the specified good or service, has inventory risk, and has discretion in establishing the price. For all of the Company's transactions, management concluded that gross presentation is appropriate, as the Company is primarily responsible for providing the performance obligation directly to the customers and assumes fulfillment risk of all lottery game sales as it retains physical possession of lottery game sales tickets from time of sale until the point of redemption. The Company also retains inventory risk on all lottery game sales tickets as they are responsible for any potential winnings related to lost or unredeemable tickets at the time of redemption. Finally, while each jurisdiction establishes the face value of the lottery ticket, representing the game sales prices, the Company charges a separate and additional fee for the services it provides.

Affiliate marketing credit revenue

The Company's performance obligation in agreements with certain customers is to transfer previously acquired affiliate marketing credits ("credits"). Customers' payment for these credits is priced on a per-contract basis. The performance obligation in these agreements is to provide title rights of the previously acquired credits to the customer. This transfer is point-in-time when the revenue is recognized, and there are no variable considerations related to this performance obligation.

Arrangements with multiple performance obligations

The Company's contracts with customers may include multiple performance obligations. For such arrangements, management allocates revenue to each performance obligation based on its relative standalone selling price. Management generally determines standalone selling prices based on the prices charged to customers.

Deferred Revenue

The Company records deferred revenue when cash payments are received or due in advance of any performance, including amounts which are refundable.

Payment terms vary by the type and location of the customer and the products or services offered. The term between invoicing and when payment is due is not significant. For certain products or services and customer types, management requires payment before the products or services are delivered to the customer.

Contract Assets

Given the nature of the Company's services and contracts, it has no contract assets.

Taxes

Taxes assessed by a governmental authority that are both imposed on and concurrent with specific revenue-producing transactions, that are collected by us from a customer, are excluded from revenue.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue consists primarily of variable costs, comprising (i) the cost of procurement of lottery games, minus winnings to users, additional expenses related to the sale of lottery games, including, commissions, affiliate fees and revenue shares; and (ii) payment processing fees on user fees, including, chargebacks imposed on the Company. Non-variable costs included in cost of revenue include affiliate marketing credits acquired on a percontract basis.

Stock-based Compensation

Effective October 1, 2019, the Company adopted ASU 2018-07, *Compensation – "Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Nonemployee Share-based Payment Accounting"* ("ASC 718"), which addresses aspects of the accounting for nonemployee share-based payment transactions and accounts for share-based awards to employees in accordance with ASC 718. Under this guidance, stock compensation expense is measured at the grant date, based on the fair value of the award, and is recognized as an expense over the estimated service period (generally the vesting period) on the straight-line attribute method.

Net Loss per Share

Basic net loss per share is calculated by dividing the net loss for the period by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted loss per share includes potentially dilutive securities such as outstanding options and warrants, using various methods such as the treasury stock or modified treasury stock method in the determination of dilutive shares outstanding during each reporting period. As of June 30, 2022, the Company excluded 345,661 stock options, 3,832,431 restricted awards, 488,296 warrants, 5,000,000 earn out shares and 1,750,000 unit purchase options respectively in the calculation of diluted loss per share, as the effect would be anti-dilutive due to losses incurred.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the FASB or other standard setting bodies that may have an impact on our accounting and reporting. We believe that such recently issued accounting pronouncements and other authoritative guidance for which the effective date is in the future either will not have an impact on our accounting or reporting or that such impact will not be material to our financial position, results of operations and cash flows when implemented.

4. Business Combination

TDAC Combination

On October 29, 2021, the Company and AutoLotto consummated the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement. At the Closing, each share of common stock and preferred stock of AutoLotto that was issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the Business Combination (other than excluded shares as contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement) was canceled and converted into the right to receive approximately 3.0058 shares (the "Exchange Ratio") of Lottery.com. common stock.

The Business Combination closing was a triggering event for the Series B convertible notes, of which \$63.8 million was converted into 3,248,526 shares of AutoLotto that were then converted into 9,764,511 shares of Lottery.com common stock using the Exchange Ratio.

At the Closing, each option to purchase AutoLotto's common stock, whether vested or unvested, was assumed and converted into an option to purchase a number of shares of Lottery.com common stock in the manner set forth in the Business Combination Agreement.

The Company accounted for the Business Combination as a reverse recapitalization whereby AutoLotto was determined as the accounting acquirer and TDAC as the accounting acquiree. Refer to *Note 3, Significant Accounting Policies*, for further details. Accordingly, the Business Combination was treated as the equivalent of AutoLotto issuing stock for the net assets of TDAC, accompanied by a recapitalization. The net assets of TDAC are stated at historical cost, with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes reflect the historical results of AutoLotto prior to the merger and do not include the historical results of TDAC prior to the consummation of the Business Combination.

Upon the Closing, AutoLotto received total net proceeds of approximately \$42,794,000 from TDAC's trust and operating accounts. Total transaction costs were approximately \$9,460,000, which principally consisted of advisory, legal and other professional fees and were recorded in additional paid in capital. Cumulative debt repayments of approximately \$11,068,000, inclusive of accrued but unpaid interest, were paid in conjunction with the close, which included approximately \$5,475,000 repayment of notes payable to related parties, and approximately \$5,593,000 payment of accrued underwriter fees.

Pursuant to the terms of the Business Combination Agreement, the holders of issued and outstanding shares of AutoLotto prior to the Closing (the "Sellers") were entitled to receive up to 6,000,000 additional shares of Common Stock (the "Seller Earnout Shares") and Vadim Komissarov, Ilya Ponomarev and Marat Rosenberg (collectively the "TDAC Founders") were also entitled to receive up to 4,000,000 additional shares of Common Stock (the "TDAC Founder Earnout Shares" and, together with the Seller Earnout Shares, the "Earnout Shares"). One of the earnout criteria had not been met by the December 31, 2021 deadline, thus no earnout shares were granted specific to that criteria. As of June 30, 2022, 3,000,000 of the Seller Earnout Shares and 2,000,000 TDAC Founder Earnout Shares were still eligible Earnout Shares until December 31, 2022.

Global Gaming Acquisition

On June 30, 2021, the Company acquired 100 percent of the equity of Global Gaming Enterprises, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Global Gaming"), which holds 80 percent of the equity of each of Medios Electronicos y de Comunicacion, S.A.P.I de C.V. ("Aganar") and JuegaLotto, S.A. de C.V. ("JuegaLotto"). JuegaLotto is federally authorized by the Mexico regulatory authorities with jurisdiction over the ability to sell international lottery games in Mexico through an authorized federal gaming portal and is authorized for games of chance in other countries throughout Latin America. Aganar has been operating in the licensed iLottery market in Mexico since 2007 and is authorized to sell Mexican National Lottery draw games, instant win tickets, and other games of chance online and additionally issues a proprietary scratch lottery game in Mexico under the brand name Capalli. The opening balance of the acquirees have been included in our condensed consolidated balance sheet since the date of the acquisition. Since the acquirees' financial statements were denominated in Mexican pesos, the exchange rate of 22.0848 pesos per dollar was used to translate the balances.

The net purchase price was allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired as per the table below. Goodwill represents the future economic benefits arising from other assets acquired that could not be individually identified and separately recognized. The fair values of the acquired intangible assets were determined using Level 3 inputs which were not observable in the market.

The total purchase price of \$10,989,691, consisted of cash of \$10,530,000 and 687,439 shares of common stock of AutoLotto at \$0.67 per share. The total consideration transferred was approximately \$10,055,214, reflecting the purchase price, net of cash on hand at Global Gaming and the principal amount of certain loans acquired. The purchase price is for an 80 percent ownership interest and is therefore grossed up to \$13,215,843 as to reflect the 20 percent minority interest in the acquirees. The purchase price was allocated to the identified tangible and intangible assets acquired based on their estimated fair values at the acquisition date as follows:

Cash	\$ 517,460
Accounts receivable, net	34,134
Prepaids	5,024
Property and equipment, net	2,440
Other assets, net	65,349
Intangible assets	8,590,000
Goodwill	4,940,643
Total assets	\$ 14,155,051
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ (387,484)
Customer deposits	(134,707)
Related party loan	(417,017)
Total liabilities	\$ (939,208)
Total net assets of Acquirees	\$ 13,215,843

Goodwill recognized in connection with the acquisition is primarily attributed to an anticipated growing lottery market in Mexico that is expected to be achieved from the integration of these Mexican entities. None of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

The following are details of the purchase price allocated to the intangible assets acquired.

Category	 Fair Value
Customer relationships	\$ 410,000
Gaming approvals	4,020,000
Trade names and trademarks	2,540,000
Technology	 1,620,000
Total Intangibles	\$ 8,590,000

The following unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2021 have been prepared as if the acquisition of Global Gaming had occurred on January 1, 2021 and includes adjustments for amortization of intangibles and the addition to basic and diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding.

	For the six months ended June 30, 2021						
	Lottery.com	Global Gaming Acquisition		_			
	(As presented above)	(Historical) (unaudited)		Pro forma Lottery.com			
Total revenues	\$ 15,340,036	1,038,737	\$	16,378,773			
Net loss	(6,874,157)	(7,171)		(6,881,328)			
Net loss attributable to shareholders	\$ (6,874,157)	(7,171)	\$	(6,881,328)			
Net loss per common share							
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.29)		\$	(0.29)			
Weighted average common shares outstanding							
Basic and diluted	23,492,214			23,492,214			

Subsequently, the Company adjusted Goodwill for the recording of related deferred tax liabilities as the Company released \$1.6 million of valuation allowance since the additional deferred tax liabilities represent a future source of taxable income. See Note 11.

5. Property and Equipment, net

Property and equipment, net as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, consisted of the following:

	 June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Computers and equipment	\$ 110,498	\$ 113,151
Furniture and fixtures	64,075	23,760
Software	1,903,121	1,903,121
Property and equipment	2,077,694	2,040,032
Accumulated depreciation	(1,960,421)	(1,898,753)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 117,273	\$ 141,279

Depreciation expense was \$36,277 and \$61,668 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively, and was \$68,522 and \$221,975 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021.

6. Intangible assets, net

Gross carrying values and accumulated amortization of intangible assets:

			June 3	30, 20	22			Γ	ecen	nber 31, 2021	
	Useful Life	Gr	oss Carrying Amount		ccumulated mortization	Net	Gı	oss Carrying Amount		ccumulated mortization	Net
Amortizing											
intangible assets											
Customer											
relationships	6 years	\$	1,350,000	\$	(590,554)	\$ 759,446	\$	1,350,000	\$	(556,387)	\$ 793,613
Trade name	6 years		2,550,000		(428,890)	2,121,110		2,550,000		(217,223)	2,332,777
Technology	6 years		3,050,000		(1,064,444)	1,985,556		3,050,000		(929,444)	2,120,556
Software											
agreements	6 years		14,450,000		(4,755,276)	9,694,724		14,450,000		(3,145,277)	11,304,723
Gaming											
license	6 years		4,020,000		(670,000)	3,350,000		4,020,000		(335,000)	3,685,000
Internally											
developed											
software	2 - 10 years		3,316,923		(94,451)	3,222,472		2,192,050		(23,323)	832,709
Domain name	15 years		6,935,000		(860,583)	6,074,417		6,935,000		(629,416)	6,305,584
		\$	35,671,923	\$	(8,464,198)	\$ 27,207,725	\$	34,547,050	\$	(5,836,070)	\$ 28,710,980

Amortization expense with respect to intangible assets for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 totaled \$1,209,465 and \$1,278,500, respectively, and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 totaled \$2,664,928 and \$2,199,083, respectively, which is included in depreciation and amortization in the Statements of Operations.

Estimated amortization expense for years of useful life remaining is as follows:

Years ending December 31,	 Amount
Remainder of 2022	\$ 1,375,523
2023	5,169,975
2024	5,169,975
2025	5,169,975
2026	5,169,975
Thereafter	\$ 2,514,841

The Company had software development costs of \$2,342,163 and \$2,080,999 related to projects not placed in service as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, which is included in intangible assets in the Company's consolidated balance sheets. Amortization will be calculated using the straight-line method over the appropriate estimated useful life when the assets are put into service.

7. Notes Receivable

On March 22, 2022, the Company entered into a three year secured promissory note agreement with a principal amount of \$2,000,000. The note bears simple interest at the rate of approximately 3.1% annually, due upon maturity of the note. The note is secured by all assets, accounts, and tangible and intangible property of the borrower and can be prepaid any time prior to its maturity date. As of June 30, 2022, the entire \$2,000,000 in principal was outstanding and the Company had \$17,109 in accrued interest.

This note was received in consideration for a portion of the development work that the Company performed for the borrower who intends to use the Company's technology to launch its own online game in a jurisdiction outside the U.S., where the Company is unlikely to operate.

8. Notes Payable and Convertible Debt

Series A Notes

From August to October 2017, the Company entered into seven Convertible Promissory Note Agreements with unaffiliated investors for an aggregate amount of \$821,500. The notes bear interest at 10% per year, are unsecured, and were due and payable on June 30, 2019. The parties have verbally agreed to extend the maturity of the notes to December 31, 2022. The Company cannot prepay the loan without consent from the noteholders. As of June 30, 2022, there have been no Qualified Financing events that trigger conversion. As of June 30, 2022, the remaining outstanding balance of \$771,500 is no longer convertible and has been reclassified to Notes Payable as per the agreement. Accrued interest on the notes payable was \$138,822 at June 30, 2022. These Notes Payable are in default.

Series B Notes

From November 2018 to December 2020, the Company entered into multiple Convertible Promissory Note agreements with unaffiliated investors for an aggregate amount of \$8,802,828. The notes bear interest at 8% per year, are unsecured, and were due and payable on dates ranging from December 2020 to December 2021. For those notes maturing on or before December 31, 2020, the parties entered into amendments in February 2021 to extend the maturity of the notes to December 21, 2021. The Company cannot prepay the loan without consent from the noteholders.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company entered into multiple Convertible Promissory Note agreements with unaffiliated investors for an aggregate amount of \$38,893,733. The notes bear interest at 8% per year, are unsecured, and are due and payable on dates ranging from December 2021 to December 2022. The Company cannot prepay the loan without consent from the noteholders. As of December 31, 2021, the Series B Convertible Notes had a balance of \$0. The Company also issued additional convertible promissory notes with unaffiliated investors for an aggregate amount of \$10,000,000. The notes bear an interest at 6% per year, are unsecured and are due in May 2023.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company entered into amendments with six of the Series B promissory noteholders to increase the principal value of the notes. The additional principal associated with the amendments totaled \$3,552,114. The amendments were accounted for as a debt extinguishment, whereby the old debt was derecognized and the new debt was recorded at fair value. The Company recorded loss on extinguishment of \$71,812 as a result of the amendment which is included in "Other expenses" on the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

As of October 29, 2021, all except \$185,095 of the series B convertible notes were converted into 9,764,511 shares of Lottery.com common stock. As of June 30, 2022, the remaining outstanding balance of \$185,095 is no longer convertible and has been reclassified to notes payable (See Note 3). Accrued interest on this note as of June 30, 2022 was \$35,184.

Short term loans

On June 29, 2020, the Company entered into a Promissory Note with the U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA") for \$150,000. The loan has a thirty-year term and bears interest at a rate of 3.75% per annum. Monthly principal and interest payments were deferred for twelve months after the date of disbursement. The loan may be prepaid at any time prior to maturity with no prepayment penalties. The Promissory Note contains events of default and other provisions customary for a loan of this type. As of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the balance of the loan was \$150,000. As of June 30, 2022, the accrued interest on this note was \$6,276.

In August 2020, the Company entered into three separate note payable agreements with three individuals for an aggregate amount of \$37,199. The notes bear interest at variable rates, are unsecured, and the parties have verbally agreed the notes will be due upon a qualifying financing event. As of June 30, 2022 and December 30, 2021 the balance of the loans totaled \$13,000.

Notes payable

On August 28, 2018, in connection with the purchase of the entire membership interest of TinBu, the Company entered into several notes payable totaling \$12,674,635 with the sellers of the TinBu and a broker involved in the transaction. The notes had an initial interest rate of 0%, and original maturity date of January 25, 2022. The notes payable were modified during 2021 to extend the maturity to June 30, 2022 and modified the interest rate to include simple interest of 4.1% per annum effective October 1, 2021. Each of the amendments were evaluated and determined to be loan modifications and accounted for accordingly. As of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the balance of the notes was \$2,357,744 and \$2,628,234, respectively. These Notes Payable are in default.

9. Stockholders' Equity

Common Stock

Our Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, authorizes the issuance of an aggregate of 500,000,000 shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share. The shares of Common Stock are duly authorized, issued, fully paid and non-assessable. Our purpose is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which corporations may now or hereafter be organized under the DGCL. Unless our Board determines otherwise, we will issue all shares of our common stock in uncertificated form. Holders of our Common Stock are entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders. The holders of Common Stock do not have cumulative voting rights in the election of directors. Upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up and after payment in full of all amounts required to be paid to creditors and to the holders of preferred stock having liquidation preferences, if any, the holders of our Common Stock will be entitled to receive pro rata our remaining assets available for distribution.

As of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, 50,540,906 shares of common stock and 50,256,317 shares of common stock, respectively, were outstanding. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company issued the following shares of common stock.

Issuance of Common Stock for legal settlement	60,000
Exercise of options (Note 10)	60,116
Restricted stock award	164,473
Total	284,589

Public Warrants

The Public Warrants became exercisable 30 days after the Closing as the Company has an effective registration statement under the Securities Act covering the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the Public Warrants and a current prospectus relating to them is available (or the Company permits holders to exercise their Public Warrants on a cashless basis and such cashless exercise is exempt from registration under the Securities Act). The S-1 registration became effective November 24, 2021. The Public Warrants will expire five years after October 29, 2021, which was the completion of the TDAC Combination or earlier upon redemption or liquidation.

The Company may redeem the Public Warrants:

- in whole and not in part;
- at a price of \$0.01 per warrant;
- upon a minimum of 30 days' prior written notice of redemption;
- if, and only if, the last sale price of the Company's common stock equals or exceeds \$16.00 per share for any 20 trading days within a 30-trading day period ending on the third trading day prior to the date on which the Company sends the notice of redemption to the warrant holders; and
- if, and only if, there is a current registration statement in effect with respect to the shares of common stock underlying such warrants at the time of redemption and for the entire 30-day trading period referred to above and continuing each day thereafter until the date of redemption.

If the Company calls the Public Warrants for redemption, management will have the option to require all holders that wish to exercise the Public Warrants to do so on a "cashless basis," as described in the warrant agreement. These warrants cannot be net cash settled by the Company in any event.

After giving effect to the Business Combination, there were 20,125,002 warrants to purchase shares of Common stock outstanding, 20,125,000 of which are Public Warrants and two of which were previously granted warrants of AutoLotto, which are now warrants of Lottery.com and are exercisable to purchase an aggregate of 488,296 shares of common stock.

	Number of		Weighted Average Average Remaining Exercise Contractual			Aggregate
	Shares	Price		Life (years)	Intrinsic Value	
Outstanding at December 31, 2021	395,675	\$	0.11	4.0	\$	2,478,501
Granted	92,621		7.56	3.0		
Exercised						
Forfeited/cancelled						
Outstanding at June 30, 2022	488,296		1.52	3.6	\$	1,200,387
Exercisable at June 30, 2022	488,296	\$	1.52	3.6	\$	1,200,387

Private Warrants

Private warrants of TDAC issued before the business combination were forfeited and did not transfer to the surviving entity.

Unit Purchase Option

On June 1, 2018, the Company sold to the underwriter (and its designees), for \$100, an option to purchase up to a total of 1,750,000 Units exercisable at \$12.00 per Unit (or an aggregate exercise price of \$21,000,000) commencing on the consummation of the Business Combination. The 1,750,000 Units represents the right to purchase 1,750,000 shares of common stock and 1,750,000 warrants to purchase 1,750,000 shares of common stock. The unit purchase option may be exercised for cash or on a cashless basis, at the holder's option, and expires on May 29, 2023. The Units issuable upon exercise of this option are identical to those offered by Lottery.com. The Company accounted for the unit purchase option, inclusive of the receipt of \$100 cash payment, as an expense of the Business Combination resulting in a charge directly to stockholders' equity. As of June 30, 2022 all of the 1,750,000 Units are vested, exercisable and outstanding.

Common Stock Warrants

On February 15, 2022, the Company issued warrants to purchase an aggregate 92,621 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$7.56 per share. The warrants were valued at \$194,695 using a Black-Scholes pricing model.

The Company has classified the warrants as having Level 2 inputs, and used the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to value the warrants. The fair value at the issuance dates for the above warrants was based upon the following management assumptions:

	Issuance
	 dates
Risk-free interest rate	1.80%
Expected dividend yield	0%
Expected volatility	113.17%
Term	3 years
Fair value of common stock	\$ 3.75

The Company did not issue any other warrants during the six months ended June 30, 2022 or the year ended December 31, 2021. All outstanding warrants are fully vested and have a weighted average remaining contractual life of 3.6 years. The Company incurred expenses related to outstanding warrants of \$194,695 and \$0 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2020	573,359	\$ 0.28	4.8	\$ 272,638
Granted	-	-	-	
Exercised	(177,684)	0.66	-	
Forfeited/canceled	-	-	-	
Outstanding at December 31, 2021	395,675	0.11	4.0	2,478,501
Granted	92,621	7.56	3.0	
Exercised	-	-	-	
Forfeited/canceled	-	-	-	
Outstanding at June 30, 2022	488,296	\$ 1.52	3.6	\$ 1,200,387
Exercisable at June 30, 2022	488,296	\$ 1.52	3.6	\$ 1,200,387

Beneficial Conversion Feature - Convertible Debt

As detailed in Note 8 – Notes Payable and Convertible Debt, the Company has issued two series of convertible debt. Both issuances resulted in the recognition of the beneficial conversion features contained within both of the instruments. The Company recognized the proceeds allocable to the beneficial conversion feature of \$8,480,697 as additional paid in capital and a corresponding debt discount of \$2,795,000. This additional paid in capital is reflected in the condensed consolidated Statements of Equity for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and the year ended December 31, 2021.

Earnout Shares

As detailed in Note 3 – as part of the TDAC Combination as of December 31, 2021 a total of 5,000,000 Earnout Shares are eligible for issuance until December 31, 2022.

10. Stock-based Compensation Expense

2015 Stock Option Plan

Prior to the Closing, AutoLotto had the AutoLotto, Inc. 2015 Stock Option/Stock Issuance Plan (the "2015 Plan") in place. Under the 2015 Plan, incentive stock options could be granted at a price not less than fair market value of the AutoLotto common stock (the "AutoLotto Common Stock"). If the AutoLotto Common Stock was at the time of grant listed on any stock exchange, then such fair market value would be the closing selling price per share of AutoLotto Common Stock on the date in question on such stock exchange, as such price is officially quoted in the composite tape of transactions on such stock exchange and published in The Wall Street Journal. If there was no closing selling price for the Common Stock on the date in question, then the fair market value would be the closing selling price on the last preceding date for which such quotation exists. If the Common Stock is at the time not listed on any Stock Exchange, then the fair market value would be determined by the Board of Directors or the Committee acting in its capacity as administrator of the Plan after taking into account such factors as the Plan Administrator shall deem appropriate. The maximum number of shares of Common Stock that could have been issued over the term of the Plan could not exceed Four Hundred Fifty Thousand (450,000). Options are exercisable over periods not to exceed 10 years (five years for incentive stock options granted to holders of 10% or more of voting stock) from the date of grant. Shares of AutoLotto Common Stock issued under the 2015 Plan could, in the discretion of the Plan Administrator, be fully and immediately vested upon issuance or vest in one or more installments over the Participant's period of service or upon attainment of specified performance objectives. The Plan Administrator could not impose a vesting schedule upon any option grant or the shares of Common Stock subject to that option which is more restrictive than twenty percent (20%) per year vesting, with the initial vesting to occur not later than one (1) year after the option grant date. However, such limitation shall not be applicable to any option grants made to individuals who are officers of the Corporation, non-employee Board members or independent consultants.

2021 Equity Incentive Plan

In connection with the Business Combination, our Board of Directors adopted, and our stockholders approved, the Lottery.com 2021 Incentive Plan (the "2021 Plan") under which 13,130,368 shares of Class A common stock were initially reserved for issuance. The 2021 Plan allows for the issuance of incentive and non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units and other stock or cash based awards. The number of shares of the Company's Class A common stock available for issuance under the 2021 Plan increases annually on the first day of each calendar year, beginning on and including January 1, 2022 and ending on and including January 1, 2031 by a number of shares of Company common stock equal to five percent of the total outstanding shares of Company common stock on the last day of the prior calendar year. The maximum number of incentive stock options which can be granted under the 2021 Plan is 13,130,368. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board may act prior to January 1st of a given year to provide that there will be no such increase in the share reserve for such year or that the increase in the share reserve for such year will be a lesser number of shares of Company common stock than would otherwise occur pursuant to the preceding sentence.

Stock Options

The Company did not issue any new stock options during the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. The following table shows stock option activity for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	Shares Available for Grant	Outstanding Stock Awards	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2020	37,405	1,315,218	\$ 0.30	5.5	\$ 362,841
Granted	-	-	-	-	
Exercised		(737,732)	(0.28)	-	
Forfeited/canceled	231,825	(231,825)	(0.65)	-	
Outstanding at December 31, 2021	269,230	345,661	0.97	4.4	2,061,303
Granted	-	-	-	-	
Exercised	-	(60,116)	(0.67)	-	
Forfeited/canceled (uncanceled)	(60,116)	60,116	0.67	-	
Outstanding at June 30, 2022	209,114	345,661	\$ 0.41	4.2	\$ 944,544
Exercisable at June 30, 2022	209,114	345,661	\$ 0.41	4.2	\$ 944,544

Stock-based compensation expense related to the employee options was \$0 and \$4,320 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

No income tax benefit has been recognized related to the stock-based compensation expense, and no tax benefits have been realized from the exercised stock options. As of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, unrecognized stock-based compensation associated with stock options amounted to \$0.

Restricted awards

The Company has awarded restricted stock to employees on October 28, 2021, which were granted with various vesting terms including, service-based vesting, and performance-based vesting. In accordance with ASC 718, the Company has classified the restricted stock as equity.

For employee issuances, the measurement date is the date of grant, and the Company recognizes compensation expense for the grant of the restricted shares, over the service period for the restricted shares that vest over a period of multiple months or years and for performance-based vesting awards, the Company recognizes the expense when management believes it is probable the performance condition will be achieved. As of December 31, 2021, the Company had granted 3,832,431 shares with vesting to begin April 2022.

On April 29, 2022, restricted stock awards for certain employees vested and resulted in withhold tax for those employees. Given the limited trading liquidity of the Company's common shares, the Company withheld 130,546 shares, valued at \$2.38 per share (the closing price on April 29, 2022) from the employees, and paid the withholding tax on the employees' behalf.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company recognized \$27,590,908 of stock compensation expense related to the employee restricted stock grants. As of June 30, 2022, unrecognized stock-based compensation associated with the restricted stock awards is \$4,777,993 which will be expensed over the next 3.3 years.

The Company had restricted stock activity summarized as follows:

				Weighted Average
		Number of Shares		Grant Fair Value
To Outstanding at December 31, 2021		3,832,431	\$	14.75
-		3,032,431	Ф	14./5
Granted		-		-
Vested		-		-
Forfeited/canceled		<u>-</u> _		-
Restricted shares unvested at June 30, 2022		3,832,431	\$	14.75
	F-22			

11. Income Taxes

We are required to file federal and state income tax returns in the United States. The preparation of these tax returns requires us to interpret the applicable tax laws and regulations in effect in such jurisdictions, which could affect the amount of tax paid by us. In consultation with our tax advisors, we base our tax returns on interpretations that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The tax returns, however, are subject to routine reviews by the various federal and state taxing authorities in the jurisdictions in which we file tax returns. As part of these reviews, a taxing authority may disagree with respect to the income tax positions taken by us ("uncertain tax positions") and, therefore, may require us to pay additional taxes. As required under applicable accounting rules, we accrue an amount for our estimate of additional income tax liability, including interest and penalties, which we could incur as a result of the ultimate or effective resolution of the uncertain tax positions. We account for income taxes using the asset and liability method. Under the asset and liability method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributed to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences and carry-forwards are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. A valuation allowance is established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to amounts expected to be realized.

12. Commitments and Contingencies

Indemnification Agreements

The Company enters into indemnification provisions under its agreements with other entities in its ordinary course of business, typically with members of its Board of Directors, Officers, business partners, customers, landlords, lenders and lessors. Under these provisions, the Company generally indemnifies and holds harmless the indemnified party for losses suffered or incurred by the indemnified party as a result of the Company's activities or, in some cases, as a result of the indemnified party's activities under the agreement. The maximum potential amount of future payments the Company could be required to make under these indemnification provisions is unlimited. The Company has not incurred material costs to defend lawsuits or settle claims related to these indemnification agreements. As a result, the Company believes the estimated fair value of these agreements is minimal. Accordingly, the Company has no liabilities recorded for these agreements as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

Digital Securities

In 2018, the Company commenced an offering (the "LDC Offering") of 285 million revenue participation interests (the "Digital Securities") of net sweepstakes revenue of a wholly-owned entity of the Company, LDC Crypto Universal Public Company Limited ("LDC"); in February 2022, LTRY WinTogether, Inc. ("LTRY WinTogether"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company assumed the obligations and liabilities of LDC, including, without limitation, with respect to the Digital Securities. The Digital Securities do not have any voting rights, redemption rights, nor are they tied in any way to other equity securities of any other subsidiary of the Company or of the Company nor do they otherwise hold any rights that a holder of equity securities of LTRY WinTogether or the Company may have or that a holder of traditional equity securities or capital stock may have. Rather, each of the holders of the Digital Securities has a pro rata right to receive 7% of the net sweepstakes revenue. If the net sweepstakes revenue is zero for a given period, holders of the Digital Securities are not eligible to receive any cash distributions from any sweepstakes of LTRY WinTogether for such period. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company incurred an obligation to pay an aggregate amount of approximately \$5,632 to holders of the outstanding Digital Securities. The Company has not satisfied any of those obligations as of June 30, 2022.

The Company leases office space in Spicewood, Texas (the "Spicewood Lease"), under an agreement which expires January 21, 2024. For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Company's total rent expense for the Spicewood Lease was approximately \$219,216 and \$26,950, respectively.

The Company leases space to facilitate its business in Waco, Texas (the "Waco Lease"). On or about April 6, 2022, the Company remitted payment in the amount of \$40,221, which included any offsets and rent payment obligations through March 31, 2022, and rent payment obligations without offsets under the Waco Lease through June 30, 2022. The Waco lease expires on December 31, 2024. The Company additionally leased space in Dallas, Texas (the "Dallas Lease"). On or about April 6, 2022, the Company remitted payment in the amount of \$204,725 for rent payment obligations from November 11, 2016, through March 31, 2022. Upon remitting said payment the Dallas Lease terminated by agreement as of March 31, 2022.

As of June 30, 2022, future minimum rent payments due under non-cancellable leases with initial maturities greater than one year are as follows:

Years ending December 31,	Amount
2022 (six months)	144,457
2023	153,222
2024	48,404
	\$ 346,083

Litigation and Other Loss Contingencies

As of June 30, 2022, there were no pending proceedings that are deemed to be materially detrimental. The Company is a party to legal proceedings in the ordinary course of its business. The Company believes that the nature of these proceedings is typical for a company of its size and scope. See Note 14 for additional information.

Restricted Cash and Letter of Credit

As of June 30, 2022, the Company had restricted cash of \$30,000,000 as collateral and security interest. In the first quarter of 2022, the Company entered an agreement with a lending institution and a business partner whereby the company pledged \$30,000,000 as security for a line of credit which the lending institution extended to the business partner. Under that agreement, \$30,000,000 of company cash became restricted and remained restricted until the fourth quarter of 2022 when the bank took the \$30,000,000 from the Company and extinguished the business partner's debt. This has been presented on the company's Balance Sheet as a Contingent Liability from March 31, 2022 until the obligation was satisfied in October of 2022.

J. Streicher Financial

On July 29, 2022, the Company filed an original *Verified Complaint for Breach of Contract and Specific Performance* (the "Complaint") against J. Streicher Financial, LLC ("Streicher") in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (the "Chancery Court"). In its Complaint, the Company alleged that Streicher breached a contract entered into by the parties on March 9, 2022, and demanded that Streicher return \$16,500,000 it owed to the Company. On September 26, 2022, the Chancery Court entered an order in favor of the Company, *Granting with Modifications Company's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment* in the amount of \$16,500,000 (the "Judgment"). On October 27, 2022, the Chancery Court further awarded the Company \$397,036.94 in attorney's fees (the "Fee Order"). On November 15, 2022, the Company initiated efforts against Streicher to seek collections on the Judgment and Fee Order. The Company subsequently engaged a collection firm to pursue Streicher as a judgment debtor on behalf of Company. Since being engaged, the collection firm has sought collections on Streicher by noticing Judgment-Debtor for Deposition by Oral Examination in Aid of Judgment and seeking post-judgment discovery, including interrogatories and requests for production.

In an effort to avoid post-judgment discovery, Streicher has indicated a willingness to pay the judgment over time with interest and is attempting to negotiate a settlement and forbearance agreement with the Company. Streicher's original deadline to produce documents and respond to the post-judgment discovery was January 16, 2023, and the Deposition was scheduled to take place on January 19, 2023. On January 20, 2023, faced with post-judgment discovery and depositions, Streicher remitted a partial payment towards the Judgment in the amount of \$75,000. On February 13, 2023, Streicher made another payment towards the Judgment in the amount of \$50,000 and agreed to make another payment in the amount of \$75,000 on February 28, 2023. Streicher failed to remit the payment on February 28, 2023, and as a result, the Company is proceeding with the post-judgment discovery and depositions, which was scheduled for March 16, 2023, provided that Streicher did not appear at such hearing. The Company intends to fully collect on the Judgment and intends to pursue all legal and equitable means to enforce the Judgment against Streicher until the Judgment is fully satisfied.

13. Related Party Transactions

The Company has entered into transactions with related parties. The Company regularly reviews these transactions; however, the Company's results of operations may have been different if these transactions were conducted with nonrelated parties.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company entered into borrowing arrangements with the individual founders to provide operating cash flow for the Company. The Company paid \$4,700 during the year ended December 31, 2020 and has an outstanding balance at June 30, 2022 of \$13,000.

Services Agreement with Master Goblin Games, LLC

In March 2020, the Company entered into a service agreement (as amended, the "Service Agreement"), with Master Goblin Games, LLC ("Master Goblin"), an entity that is wholly-owned by our former CFO and President, Ryan Dickinson. Master Goblin leases retail locations in certain U.S. jurisdictions from which it operates tabletop game retail stores and, ancillary to such retail operations, acts as sales agent or retailer licensed by the state lottery commission of such jurisdiction to sell lottery game tickets from such retail stores. The Company acquires lottery games as requested by users from Master Goblin on a non-exclusive basis in such jurisdictions.

Pursuant to the Service Agreement, Master Goblin is authorized and approved by the Company to incur up to \$100,000 in initial expenses per location for the commencement of operations at each location, including, without limitation, tenant improvements, furniture, inventory, fixtures and equipment, security and lease deposits, and licensing and filing fees. Similarly, pursuant to the Service Agreement, during each month of operation, Master Goblin is authorized to submit to the Company for reimbursement on-going expenses of up to \$5,000 per location for actually incurred lease expenses. The initial expenses are submitted by Master Goblin to the Company upon Master Goblin securing a lease, and leases are only secured by Master Goblin in any location upon request of the Company. On-going expenses are submitted by Master Goblin to the Company for reimbursement on a monthly basis, subject to offset, and are recorded by the Company as an expense. To the extent Master Goblin has a positive net income in any month, exclusive of the sale of lottery games, such net income reduces or eliminates such reimbursable expenses for that month. In addition, from time to time Master Goblin may incur certain additional reimbursable expenses for the benefit of the Company. The Company paid Master Goblin an aggregate of \$133,340, including expense reimbursements, under the Service Agreement, as of March 31, 2022.

In January 2023, Woodford Eurasia Assets, Ltd. signed a letter of intent to acquire Master Goblin. Such letter of intent would give Woodford the right to appoint a director to the Board of Directors of the Company (see Note 14. Subsequent Events). As of the date of this Amended Report, no definitive documentation for this transaction has been signed.

14. Subsequent Events

Effective July 1, 2022, Harry Dhaliwal was named as the Company's Interim Chief Financial Officer and principal financial officer. The Company entered into a consulting agreement with Mr. Dhaliwal on July 1, 2022 (the "Consulting Agreement"). The Consulting Agreement provided for Mr. Dhaliwal to serve as Interim Chief Financial Officer of the Company for six months, commencing on July 1, 2022 and terminating on December 31, 2022. Mr. Dhaliwal's consulting services could be terminated earlier than December 31, 2022 (i) upon Mr. Dhaliwal's resignation or death or (ii) by either the Company or Mr. Dhaliwal without cause or reason upon written notice to the other party 15 days prior to the termination date of the Consulting Agreement. Mr. Dhaliwal agreed to among other things, assist the Company with its financial systems, develop a financial dashboard for the Board of Directors and Senior Management and carry out a comprehensive review of the Company's finance function. The Consulting Agreement included customer and employee non-solicitation provisions as well as confidentiality obligations. Pursuant to the Consulting Agreement, Mr. Dhaliwal was to be paid a total of \$209,550 based on completion of tasks and to have the opportunity to receive a discretionary bonus in the amount of \$50,000. On October 9, 2022, Mr. Dhaliwal, resigned as the Interim Chief Financial Officer and principal financial officer of the Company with immediate effect.

On July 21, 2022, Lawrence Anthony "Tony" DiMatteo III, the then Chief Executive Officer of the Company and a member of its Board of Directors, provided a notice of resignation as CEO of the Company, its wholly-owned subsidiary, AutoLotto, and all of its other subsidiaries and affiliates with the exception of LTRY WinTogether, Inc., with immediate effect. In connection with Mr. DiMatteo's resignation, the Company entered into a resignation and release agreement with Mr. DiMatteo effective July 22, 2022 (the "Release Agreement"). Pursuant to the Release Agreement, Mr. DiMatteo resigned as CEO of the Company effective July 22, 2022.

Following Mr. DiMatteo's resignation, he agreed to serve as Senior Advisor to the Board commencing on July 22, 2022 and continuing until the either party gives not less than ten (10) days' prior notice to the other party (the "Consulting Period") unless certain conditions for earlier termination become applicable. Mr. DiMatteo agreed to, among other things, (i) provide consulting and advisory services to the Board of Directors of the Company as requested and (ii) cooperate in any ongoing and any future investigation by or related to the Company. Non-compete and customer and employee non-solicitation provisions as well as confidentiality obligations from prior agreements entered into between Mr. DiMatteo and the Company will apply while he consults and for a period of one year thereafter. Mr. DiMatteo may be paid \$1,000 per month for each month during which he provides services to the Company, and reimbursed for business expenses validly incurred prior to his resignation. The Agreement includes a general release of claims by Mr. DiMatteo.

On July 28, 2022, the Board determined that the Company did not currently have sufficient financial resources to fund its operations or pay certain existing obligations, including its payroll and related obligations and ceased its operations. Accordingly, the Company furloughed certain employees effective July 29, 2022. As of March 31, 2023, the Company owed approximately \$1.4 million in outstanding payroll obligations.

On July 29, 2022, the Company filed its original Verified Complaint for Breach of Contract and Specific Performance (the "Streicher Complaint") against J. Streicher Financial, LLC ("Streicher") in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (the "Chancery Court"), styled AutoLotto, Inc. dba Lottery.com v. J. Streicher Financial, LLC (Case No. 2022-0661-MTZ). In the Streicher Complaint, the Company alleged that Streicher breached the contract entered into by the parties on March 9, 2022 and demanded that Streicher return \$16,500,000.00 it owed to the Company. On September 26, 2022, the Chancery Court entered an order in favor of the Company, Granting with Modifications Company's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment in the amount of \$16,500,000.00 (the "Streicher Judgment"). On October 27, 2022, the Chancery Court further awarded the Company \$397,036.94 in attorney's fees (the "Fee Order"). On November 15, 2022, the Company initiated efforts against Streicher to seek collections on the Judgment. On December 8, 2022, the Company's prior attorney Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom, LLP ("Skadden") filed its Combined Motion to Withdraw as Counsel and For a Charging Lien in amount of \$3,024,201.17 for legal fees unpaid by Company ("Skadden's Motion"). On December 30, 2022, the Company filed its response to Skadden's Motion, alleging that the Chancery Court should deny Skadden's Motion for a Charging Lien as a matter of law or, in the alternative, limit the charging lien to the amount of the attorneys' fees awarded by the Fee Order. As of the date of this Amended Report, the Chancery Court has not set Skadden's Motion for an oral hearing, nor has it entered an order on the motion. On January 20, 2023, faced with postjudgment discovery and depositions, Streicher remitted a partial payment towards the Judgment in the amount of \$75,000.00. On February 13, 2023, Streicher made another payment towards the Judgment in the amount of \$50,000.00 and had agreed to make another payment in the amount of \$75,000.00 on February 28, 2023, which it failed to make. The Company intends to fully collect on the Judgment and shall pursue all legal and equitable means to enforce the Judgment against Streicher until the Judgment is fully satisfied. See "Item 1A. Risk Factors - Legal Proceedings Risks - We may not recover amounts owed to us from J. Streicher Financial, LLC" in the Amended Annual Report for further information.

On August 19, 2022, Preston Million filed the Class Action Complaint (the "Class Action Complaint") against the Company and certain former officers and directors of the Company in the United States District Court for Southern District of New York (the "SDNY"), styled Preston Million, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated vs. Lottery.com, Inc. f/k/a Trident Acquisitions Corp., Anthony DiMatteo, Matthew Clemenson and Ryan Dickinson (Case No. 1:22-cv-07111-JLR). The Class Action Complaint alleged violations by all defendants of Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") 15 U.S.C. §§ 78j(b), 78t(a), as amended by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 ("PSLRA"), U.S.C. § 78u-4 et seq. (collectively "Federal Securities Laws"). On November 18, 2022, the SNDY ordered the appointment of RTD Bros, LLC, Todd Benn, Tom Benn and Tomasz Rzedian (collectively "Lottery Investor Group") as lead plaintiff and Glancy Prongay & Murray, LLP as lead counsel for plaintiffs and for the class in the case. On December 5, 2022, the Court stipulated a Scheduling Order in the case. On January 12, 2023, the Company's legal counsel timely filed its Notice of Appearance. On January 31, 2022, plaintiffs filed their Amended Complaint adding Kathryn Lever, Marat Rosenberg, Vadim Komissarov, Thomas Gallagher, Gennadii Butkevych, Ilya Ponomarev as additional defendants in the case. The Amended Complaint alleges, among other things, that defendants made materially false and misleading statements in violation of Section 10(b),14(a) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act and plaintiffs seek compensatory damages, reasonable cost and expenses including counsel fees and expert fees. Pursuant to the Scheduling Order, the Company filed its motion to dismiss the Amended Complaint on April 3, 2023, under the newly consolidated caption and its proposed order to dismiss the matter. Plaintiffs are expected to file their opposition to the motion to dismiss no later than May 18, 2023, which wo

On September 8, 2022, the Board appointed Mr. Sohail S. Quraeshi as CEO of the Company effective from September 12, 2022.

On September 27, 2022, Armanino LLP ("Armanino") resigned as the independent registered public accounting firm of the Company effective immediately.

On October 7, 2022, the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company approved the engagement of Yusufali & Associates, LLC, ("Yusufali") as the Company's new independent registered public accounting firm.

On November 15, 2022, the Company formed a new wholly-owned subsidiary, Sports.Com, Inc., as a Texas corporation (the "New Subsidiary"). The New Subsidiary will share the same principal address as the Company. In connection therewith, on November 19, 2022, the Company filed in the State of Texas a "doing business as" assumed name registration under the name, "Sports.Com", and intends to file additional assumed name registrations under this name in other U.S. and foreign jurisdictions.

In December 2022, an agreement was signed by and between Sports.com and Data Sports Group, GmbH ("<u>DSG</u>"), that provides Sports.com, Inc. ("<u>Sports</u>") the exclusive North American distribution rights for sports data products offered and maintained by DSG. This suite of offerings is being sold via the same sales resources and sales channels as the lottery data offered by TinBu, another wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. This relationship is in full effect now and the first signed contracts are expected in the second quarter of 2023.

The Company has received funding that became available through Woodford Eurasia Assets, Ltd. ("Woodford"), which entered into a Loan agreement with the Company on December 7, 2022. Pursuant to the Loan Agreement, Woodford agreed to fund up to \$2.5 million, subject to certain conditions and requirements, of which approximately \$1.25 million has been received to date and \$1.25 million is currently owed pursuant to the terms of the agreement, upon request from the Company. The parties may also mutually agree to increase the amount of the funding to \$52.5 million (i.e., an additional \$50 million). Amounts borrowed accrue interest at the rate of 12% per annum (22% per annum upon the occurrence of an event of default) and are due within 12 months of the date of each loan. Amounts borrowed can be repaid at any time without penalty.

Amounts borrowed pursuant to the Loan Agreement are convertible into the Company's common stock, beginning 60 days after the first loan date, at the option of the lender, at the rate of 80% of the lowest publicly available price per share of Company common stock within 10 business days of the date of the agreement (which was equal to \$0.28 per share), subject to a 4.99% beneficial ownership limitation and a separate limitation preventing the holder from holding more than 19.99% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company, without the Company obtaining shareholder approval for such issuance.

Conditions to the loan included the resignation of four of the then members of the Board of Directors (Lisa Borders, Steven M. Cohen, Lawrence Anthony DiMatteo and William Thompson, all of which persons have subsequently resigned from the Board of Directors), and the appointment of two new directors (who have been appointed). Subsequent loans under the Loan Agreement also require our compliance with all listing requirements, unless waived by Woodford. The Loan Agreement also allows Woodford to nominate another director to the Board of Directors, in the event any independent member of the Board of Directors resigns.

Proceeds of the loans can only be used by us for restarting our operations, and for general corporate purposes agreed to by Woodford.

The Loan Agreement includes confidentiality obligations, representations, warranties, covenants, and events of default, which are customary for a transaction of this size and nature. Included in the Loan Agreement are covenants prohibiting us from (a) making any loan in excess of \$1 million or obtaining any loan in amount exceeding \$1 million without the consent of Woodford, which may not be unreasonably withheld; (b) selling more than \$1 million in assets; (c) maintaining less than enough assets to perform our obligations under the Loan Agreement; (d) encumbering any assets, except in the normal course of business, and not in an amount to exceed \$1 million; (e) amending or restating our governing documents; (f) declaring or paying any dividend; (g) issuing any shares which negatively affects Woodford; and (h) repurchasing any shares.

We also agreed to grant warrants to Woodford to purchase 15% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company 7,619,207 shares of common stock, with an exercise price equal to the average of the Nasdaq Official Closing Price for each of the ten days prior to the first amount being debited from the bank account of Woodford, which equates to an exercise price of \$0.28 per share. In the event we fail to repay the amounts borrowed when due or Woodford fails to convert the amount owed into shares, the exercise price of the warrants may be offset by amounts owed to Woodford, and in such case, the exercise price of the warrants will be subject to a further 25% discount (i.e., will equal \$0.21 per share).

On January 30, 2023, Mr. Edward K. Moffly resigned as Interim Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

On February 1, 2023, the Board of Directors of the <u>Company</u> appointed Mr. Mark Gustavson as Chief Executive Officer and principal executive officer of the Company. Mr. Gustavson will also serve as principal financial/accounting officer of the Company until a replacement is found. Mr. Mark Gustavson, as CEO, replaced Mr. Sohail S. Quraeshi, who is no longer serving as Chief Executive Officer or as a principal executive officer of the Company, effective February 1, 2023, as a result of the change in Chief Executive Officer of the Company approved by the Board of Directors.

On March 13, 2023, John Brier, Bin Tu and JBBT, LLC (collectively, the "TinBu Plaintiffs") filed its original complaint against Lottery.com, Inc. f/k/a AutoLotto, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary TinBu, LLC ("TinBu") in the Circuit Court of the 13th Judicial District in and for Hillsborough County, Florida (the "TinBu Complaint"). The Complaint alleges breach of contract(s) and misrepresentation with alleged damages in excess of \$4.6 million. The parties agreed to extend the Company and its subsidiary's deadline to respond until May 1, 2023. On May 2, 2023, the Company and its subsidiary retained local counsel who filed a Notice of Appearance on behalf of the Company and TinBu and filed a Motion for Enlargement requesting the Court to extend its deadline to file its initial response to the Complaint by an additional 30 days (the "Motion for Enlargement"). The Motion has not been set for a hearing. On May 5, 2023, Plaintiffs filed their Motion for Court Default ("Plaintiffs' Motion for Default"), despite Company's Motion for Enlargement. Plaintiffs' Motion for Default has not been set for a hearing. The Company intends to oppose Plaintiffs' Motion for Default. On May 9, 2023, Plaintiffs served Plaintiffs' First Request for Admissions (the "RFA) to the Company. The Company intends to respond in a timely manner or make necessary objections to the RFA.

On March 29, 2023, the WinTogether Foundation Board of Directors voted to suspend its relationship with the Company.

On April 22, 2023, the Company signed an exclusive affiliate agreement with International Gaming Alliance (IGA), to supply official Texas lottery tickets in the Dominican Republic.

On April 25, 2023, the Company recommenced its ticket sales operations through its Texas retail network.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations together with the condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes appearing elsewhere in this Report contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results and the timing of events may differ materially from those expressed or implied in such forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those set forth in the section entitled "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" included herein and the sections entitled "Risk Factors" included in this Report and in Amendment No. 1 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2021 (our "Amended Annual Report").

Recent Developments

Internal Investigation and Operational Cessation

On July 6, 2022, the Company announced that the Audit Committee (the "Audit Committee") of the board of directors of the Company (the "Board") had retained outside counsel to conduct an independent investigation that revealed instances of non-compliance with state and federal laws concerning the states in which lottery tickets were procured as well as order fulfillment. The investigation also identified issues pertaining to the Company's internal accounting controls (the "Internal Investigation"). Following a report on the filings of the Internal Investigation, on June 30, 2022, the Board terminated the employment of Ryan Dickinson as the Company's President, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer, effective July 1, 2022. Subsequently, the Company initiated a review of its cash balances and related disclosures as well as its revenue recognition processes and other internal accounting controls.

On July 20, 2022, Armanino LLP ("Armanino"), the Company's registered independent public accountant for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2021 and 2022, advised the Company that its audited financial statements of for the year ended December 31, 2021 (the "2021 Audit") and the unaudited financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 (the "March 2022 Financials"), should no longer be relied upon. Armanino advised that it had determined, subsequent to the 2021 Audit and review of the March 2022 Financials, that the Company had entered into a line of credit in January 2022 that was not disclosed in the footnotes to the 2021 Audit and was not properly recorded in the March 2022 Financials (see Note 4 to our consolidated financial statements for more details).

On July 28, 2022, the Board determined that the Company did not have sufficient financial resources to fund its operations or pay certain existing obligations, including its payroll and related obligations, due to a significant misstatement of our cash balances.

The following day, on July 29, 2022, the Company effectively ceased operations (the "Operational Cessation"), when it furloughed the majority of its employees and generally suspended its lottery game sales. The Company's remaining employees were limited to the heads of the product, information technology and human resources teams as well as the entire legal and compliance team. Within one week, several additional employees were recalled from furlough. All non-furloughed employees were retained, at the discretion of the Company's then Chief Operating Officer and Chief Legal Officer, to provide the minimal business functions needed to address the Company's legal and compliance issues and to secure necessary funding to resume the Company's operations. Less than half of these non-furloughed employees remain active in the efforts to restore Company operations and as of March 31, 2023, approximately \$1.4 million in outstanding payroll obligations remain unpaid.

On September 27, 2022, Armanino resigned as the independent registered public accounting firm of the Company, effective immediately.

On October 7, 2022, the Audit Committee approved the engagement of Yusufali & Associates, LLC, ("Yusufali") as the Company's new independent registered public accounting firm.

Since the Operational Cessation, the Company has had minimal day-to-day operations and has primarily focused its operations on restarting certain of its core business (as described in more detail under "—*Plans for Recommencement of Company Operations*" below), completing the restatement of the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 (which was included in the Amended Annual Report) and the unaudited financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 (which was included in Amendment No. 1 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A, filed by the Company with the SEC on May 15, 2023), and preparing this Report as well as the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2022 and the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

AutoLotto \$30,000,000 Business Loan

On January 4, 2022, AutoLotto entered into a Business Loan Agreement (the "Business Loan") with The Provident Bank ("Provident"), pursuant to which the Company borrowed \$30,000,000 from Provident, which was evidenced by a \$30,000,000 Promissory Note. The Promissory Note accrued interest at the rate of 2.750% per annum (7.750% upon the occurrence of an event of default) and had a maturity date of January 4, 2024. Monthly interest payments were due under the Promissory Note beginning February 4, 2022. The Promissory Note could be repaid at any time without penalty. The Promissory Note included customary events of default for a debt obligation of the size of the Promissory Note. The Business Loan included representations and warranties of AutoLotto and covenants (both positive and negative) which were customary of a customary for a transaction of this nature and size, including rights to set off. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, Provident could declare the entire amount owed immediately due and payable. We were required to pay a 1% commitment fee at the time of our entry into the Business Loan, and another 1% annual loan fee on the first year anniversary thereof.

In accordance with the terms of the Business Loan, upon entering into the agreement, \$30,000,000 in a separate account with Provident was pledged as security for the amount outstanding under the loan ("Collateral Security"). The \$30,000,000 Collateral Security became restricted and remained restricted until October 12, 2022, when AutoLotto defaulted on its obligations under the Business Loan and Provident foreclosed on the \$30,000,000 of Collateral Security. The Collateral Security, which was in the form of restricted cash, was presented as a contingent liability on the Company's balance sheet from March 31, 2022 until the obligation was satisfied in October of 2022. See Note 4 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information.

Loan Agreement with Woodford

On December 7, 2022, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the "Loan Agreement") with Woodford Eurasia Assets, Ltd. ("Woodford"), pursuant to which Woodford agreed to provide the Company with up to \$2.5 million, subject to certain conditions and requirements, of which approximately \$1.25 million has been received to date and \$1.25 million is currently owed pursuant to the terms of the Loan Agreement. The parties may also mutually agree to increase the amount of the loan to \$52.5 million (i.e., an additional \$50 million). Amounts borrowed accrue interest at the rate of 12% per annum (or 22% per annum upon the occurrence of an event of default) and are due within 12 months of the date of each loan. Amounts borrowed can be repaid at any time without penalty.

Amounts borrowed pursuant to the Loan Agreement are convertible, at Woodford's option, into shares of the Company's common stock, beginning 60 days after the first loan date at the rate of 80% of the lowest publicly available price per share of common stock within 10 business days of the date of the Loan Agreement (which was equal to \$0.28 per share), subject to a 4.99% beneficial ownership limitation and a separate limitation preventing Woodford from holding more than 19.99% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company, without the Company obtaining shareholder approval for such issuance.

Conditions to the Loan Agreement included the resignation of four prior members of the Board (Lisa Borders, Steven M. Cohen, Lawrence Anthony DiMatteo and William Thompson, all of whom resigned from the Board in September 2022), and the appointment of two new independent directors. Subsequent loans under the Loan Agreement also require the Company to comply with all listing requirements, unless waived by Woodford. The Loan Agreement also allows Woodford to nominate another director to the Board of Directors, in the event any independent member of the Board of Directors resigns.

Proceeds of the loans can only be used by to restart the Company's operations and for general corporate purposes agreed to by Woodford.

The Loan Agreement includes confidentiality obligations, representations, warranties, covenants, and events of default, which are customary for a transaction of this size and nature. Included in the Loan Agreement are covenants prohibiting us from (a) making any loan in excess of \$1 million or obtaining any loan in amount exceeding \$1 million without the consent of Woodford, which consent may not be unreasonably withheld; (b) selling more than \$1 million in assets; (c) maintaining less than enough assets to perform our obligations under the Loan Agreement; (d) encumbering any assets, except in the normal course of business, and not in an amount to exceed \$1 million; (e) amending or restating our governing documents; (f) declaring or paying any dividend; (g) issuing any shares which negatively affects Woodford; and (h) repurchasing any shares.

The Company also agreed to grant warrants to purchase shares of common stock to Woodford (the "Woodford Warrants") in an amount equal to 15% of the Company's 7,619,207 issued and outstanding shares of common stock. Each Woodford Warrant has an exercise price equal to the average of the closing price of the Company's common stock for each of the ten days prior to the first amount being debited from the bank account of Woodford, which equates to an exercise price of \$0.28 per share. In the event the Company fails to repay the amounts borrowed when due or Woodford fails to convert the amount owed into shares, the exercise price of the warrants may be offset by amounts owed to Woodford, and in such case, the exercise price of the warrants will be subject to a further 25% discount (i.e., will equal \$0.21 per share).

In connection with our entry into the Loan Agreement, the Company also entered into a Loan Agreement Deed, Debenture Deed and Securitization, with Woodford (the "Security Agreement"), which provides Woodford with a first floating charge security interest over all present and future assets of the Company in order to secure the repayment of amounts owed under the Loan Agreement. The floating charge may be converted into a fixed charge upon the occurrence of certain events including: an event of default; if Woodford reasonably believes that any secured property may be in jeopardy or danger of being seized or sold; or if Woodford reasonably considers that it is desirable to protect its security interest. The floating charge may be automatically converted into a fixed charge upon the occurrence of certain other events. The Security Agreement prohibits the Company from providing any other security interest over our assets, even if secondary to Woodford, while the amounts borrowed under the Loan Agreement remain unpaid.

Business Combination

On October 29, 2021, we consummated the Business Combination with Trident Acquisitions Corp. ("TDAC" and after the Business Combination described herein, the "Company"), pursuant to the terms of that certain Business Combination Agreement, dated as of February 21, 2021 (the "Business Combination Agreement"), by and among TDAC, Trident Merger Sub II Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary of TDAC ("Merger Sub") and AutoLotto. Pursuant to the terms of the Business Combination Agreement, Merger Sub merged with and into AutoLotto with AutoLotto surviving the merger as a wholly owned subsidiary of TDAC, which was renamed "Lottery.com Inc." The aggregate value of the consideration paid by TDAC to the holders of AutoLotto common stock in the Business Combination (excluding shares that may be issued to former AutoLotto stockholders (the "Sellers") as earnout consideration) was approximately \$440 million, consisting of approximately 40,000,000 shares of common stock valued at \$11.00 per share. In addition, the Sellers and TDAC's founders are also entitled to receive up to 3 million and 2 million additional shares of common stock, respectively, to the extent that certain share price targets are achieved following the Closing.

International Expansion

In June 2021, we closed the acquisition of Global Gaming, which holds 80% of the equity of each of Aganar and JuegaLotto. Aganar operates in the licensed Online Lottery market in Mexico and is licensed to sell Mexican National Lottery draw games, instant win tickets, and other games of chance online with access to a federally approved online casino and sportsbook gaming license. JuegaLotto is licensed by Mexico authorities to commercialize international lottery games in Mexico through an authorized gaming portal and to commercialize games of chance in other countries throughout Latin America. As of December 31, 2020 (the most recent date available), Latin America's estimated lottery market was approximately \$9.1 billion across 26 countries. As of December 31, 2020 (the most recent date available), the addressable market in the countries that JuegaLotto and Aganar cover includes 664 million people and potential customers. We believe these acquisitions will provide inroads for the Company throughout Mexico and Latin America as we expand our international operations, expand our portfolio of products, and expose our existing products to new markets.

Operations Prior to Operational Cessation

Prior to the Operational Cessation, the Company was a provider of domestic and international lottery products and services. As an independent third-party lottery game service, we offered a platform that we developed and operated to enable the remote purchase of legally sanctioned lottery games in the U.S. and abroad (the "Platform"). Our revenue generating activities included (i) offering the Platform via our Lottery.com app and our websites to users located in the U.S. and international jurisdictions where the sale of lottery games was legal and our services were enabled for the remote purchase of legally sanctioned lottery games (our "B2C Platform"); (ii) offering an internally developed, created and operated business-to-business application programming interface ("API") of the Platform, which enabled our commercial partners, in permitted U.S. and international jurisdictions, to purchase certain legally operated lottery games from us and to resell them to users located within their respective jurisdictions ("B2B API"); and (iii) delivering global lottery data, such as winning numbers and results, and subscriptions to data sets of our proprietary, anonymized transaction data pursuant to multi-year contracts to commercial digital subscribers ("Data Service").

Mobile Lottery Game Platform Services

Both our B2C Platform and our B2B API provided users with the ability to purchase legally sanctioned draw lottery games via a mobile device or computer, securely maintain their acquired lottery game, automatically redeem a winning lottery game, as applicable, and receive support, if required, for the claims and redemption process. Our registration and user interfaces were designed to be easy to use, provide for the creation of an account and purchase of a lottery game with minimum friction and without the creation of a mobile wallet or requirement to pre-load minimum funds and — importantly — to provide instant confirmation of the user's lottery game numbers, whether selected at random or picked by the user. Users of our B2C Platform services paid a service fee and, in certain non-U.S. jurisdictions, a mark-up on the purchase price. Prior to the Operational Cessation, we generated revenue from this service fee and mark-up. Our B2B API Platform resumed limited operations in April 2023. As of the date of this Report, our B2C Platform is not currently operational. We anticipate that our B2C Platform will become operational in the third quarter of 2023.

The WinTogether Platform

Prior to the Operational Cessation, we operated and administered of all sweepstakes offered by WinTogether, a registered 501(c)(3) charitable organization ("WinTogether"), which was formed in April 2020 to support charitable, educational, and scientific causes. In consideration of our operation of the WinTogether platform and administration of the sweepstakes, we received a percentage of the gross donations to a campaign, from which we paid certain dividends and all administration costs.

The WinTogether platform continued operating after the Operational Cessation, until all sweepstakes campaigns were completed and all prizes awarded. On March 29, 2023, the board of directors of WinTogether voted to suspend its relationship with the Company.

Current Operations

Despite the Operational Cessation, certain of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries have continued to operate under the direction of the leadership teams that were in place prior to the Company's acquisition of such companies. While the operational activities of these subsidiaries vary, from the Operational Cessation through the date of this Report, each of TinBu, Aganar and JuegaLotto has decreased its expenses and has had its revenue remain consistent or decrease slightly from pre-Operational Cessation levels.

Data Services

In 2018, we acquired TinBu, LLC ("TinBu"), a digital publisher and provider of lottery data results, jackpots, results, and other data, as a wholly-owned subsidiary. Through TinBu, our Data Service delivers daily results of over 800 domestic and international lottery games from more than 40 countries, including the U.S., Canada, and the United Kingdom, to over 400 digital publishers and media organizations.

Our technology pulls real time primary source data, and, in some instances, we acquire data from dedicated data feeds from the lottery authorities. Our data is constantly monitored to ensure accuracy and timely delivery. We are not required to obtain licenses or approvals from the lottery authorities to pull this primary source data or to acquire the data from such dedicated feeds. Commercial acquirers of our Data Service pay a subscription for access to the Data Service and, for acquisition of certain large data sets, an additional per record fee.

We additionally enter into multi-year contracts pursuant to which we sell proprietary, anonymized transaction data pursuant to multi-year agreements and in accordance with our Terms of Service in consideration of a fee and in other instances provide the Data Service within a bundle of provided services.

Aganar and JuegaLotto

On June 30, 2021, we acquired 100% of the equity of Global Gaming Enterprises, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Global Gaming"), which holds 80% of the equity of each of Medios Electronicos y de Comunicacion, S.A.P.I de C.V. ("Aganar") and JuegaLotto, S.A. de C.V. ("JuegaLotto"). JuegaLotto is federally licensed by the Mexican regulatory authorities with jurisdiction over the ability to commercialize lottery games in Mexico through an authorized federal gaming portal and to commercialize games of chance in other countries throughout Latin America. Aganar has been operating in the licensed Online Lottery market in Mexico since 2007 and has certain rights to sell Mexican National Lottery draw games, instant win tickets, and other games of chance online with access to a federally approved online casino and sportsbook gaming license and additionally issues a proprietary scratch lottery game in Mexico under the brand name Capalli.

Sports.com

In December 2021, we finalized the acquisition of the domain name https://sports.com and on November 15, 2022, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary called Sports.com, Inc., a Texas corporation ("Sports.com"). Subsequently, Sports.com announced a partnership with the Saudi Motorsports Company, which enabled the Company to roll out the Sports.com brand at the FIFA World Cup decider at the end of November 2022. In December 2022, Sports.com signed an agreement with Data Sports Group, GmbH ("DSG"), which provides Sports.com the exclusive North American distribution rights for sports data products offered and maintained by DSG (the "DSG Data"). The DSG Data is being sold through the same sales resources and sales channels as the lottery data offered by TinBu. This relationship is in full effect now and the first signed contracts are expected in the second quarter of 2023.

Plans for Recommencement of Company Operations

As noted above, since the Operational Cessation, the Company has had minimal day-to-day operations and has primarily focused its operations on restarting certain of its core business. The Company has developed a three phase plan to recommence its operations, which plan is outlined below.

Phase 1 – Relaunch B2B API Platform. During the Operational Cessation, the Company maintained positive relationships with its ticket-printing and courier partners, as well as several distribution partners that have been found to be in compliance with local, state, and federal rules related to ticket procurement and distribution. These partners have implemented the Lottery.com API and have advised the Company that they expect to be ready to offer lottery games to their customers through their sales channels when the Company resumes operations. As such, the Company believes that it has sufficient demand to resume operation of its B2B API platform operations, assuming it is able to maintain the core employee team to manage the lottery ticket fulfillment process and access sufficient capital to relaunch Project Nexus, which was designed to, among other things, handle high levels of user traffic and transaction volume, while maintaining expediency, security, and reliability in the administrative and back-office functionality required by the B2B API. Our B2B API Platform resumed limited operations in April 2023.

Phase 2 – Resume B2C Platform Operations. The Company believes that it will be in a position to relaunch its B2C Platform in the third quarter of 2023. As of the date of this Report, the Company expects that it will initially relaunch its B2C Platform to customers in Texas for a period of time before rolling it out to other jurisdictions. If the Texas Bill is enacted into law as drafted, the Company may elect to accelerate the relaunch of its Platform to customers in another state. The Company plans to limit the rollout in order to give it additional time to properly vet and confirm compliance with local, state and federal rules related to ticket procurement and distribution. The Company has also maintained various pre-paid media credits that it expects to use to launch and maintain promotional campaigns geared towards encouraging prior customers to return to the Platform and to acquire new customers.

Phase 3 – Restore Other Business Lines and Projects. Assuming the success of Phase 1 and Phase 2, the Company expects to restore other products it used to offer, such as supplying lottery tickets to consumers in approved domestic jurisdictions, partnering with licensed providers in international jurisdictions to supply legitimate domestic lottery games, and reviving other products and services that were under development when the Operational Cessation occurred.

As of the date of this Report, the current estimated cash balance of the Company and subsidiaries is approximately \$366,600. The Company believes that this cash on hand, along with future borrowings, will be sufficient for the Company to pay its service providers to complete and file its deficient periodic reports, including this Report, the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ending September 30, 2022, and the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

As of the date of this Report, our common stock and warrants are traded on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC ("Nasdaq") under the ticker symbols "LTRY" and "LTRYW," respectively. As of the date of this Report, we are not in compliance with Nasdaq's continued listing requirements (the "Listing Rules") and have presented a plan to regain compliance with the Listing Rules that was recently conditionally accepted by a hearing panel. Additionally, under its new management, the Company continues to work to improve its disclosure and reporting controls, and plans to overhaul its systems of internal control over financial reporting and invest in additional legal, accounting, and financial resources.

Even if the Company's three phase plan to recommence its operations is successful, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to regain compliance with the applicable Listing Rules, or that the hearings panel will stay the delisting of the Company's securities from Nasdaq. If the Company's securities are delisted from Nasdaq, it could be more difficult to buy or sell the Company's common stock and warrants or to obtain accurate quotations, and the price of the Company's common stock and warrants could suffer a material decline. Delisting could also impair the Company's ability to raise additional capital needed to funds its operations and/or trigger defaults and penalties under outstanding agreements or securities of the Company.

There can be no assurance that we will have sufficient capital to support our operations and pay expenses, repay our debt, or that additional funds will be available on favorable terms, if at all. We may not be able to restart our operations and/or generate sufficient funding to support such operations in the future. The Company's ability to continue its current operations, prepare and refile deficient and restated reports, and restart its prior operations, is dependent upon obtaining new financing. Future financing options available to the Company include equity financings, debt financings or other capital sources, including collaborations with other companies or other strategic transactions. Equity financings may include sales of common stock. Such financing may not be available on terms favorable to the Company or at all. The terms of any financing may adversely affect the holdings or rights of the Company's stockholders and may cause significant dilution to existing stockholders. There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in obtaining sufficient funding on terms acceptable to the Company, if at all, which would have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operations, and it could ultimately be forced to discontinue its operations and liquidate. These matters, when considered in the aggregate, raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time, which is defined as within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued. The accompanying financial statements do not contain any adjustments to reflect the possible future effects on the classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Performance Measures

In managing our business and assessing financial performance, we supplement the information provided by our financial statements with other operating metrics. We use these metrics to evaluate our business, measure our performance, identify trends affecting our business, formulate projections and make strategic decisions. The primary operating metrics we use are:

- transactions per user;
- tickets per transaction;
- gross revenue per transaction;
- gross profit per transaction; and
- gross margin per transaction.

These metrics help enable us to evaluate pricing, cost and customer profitability. We believe it is useful to provide investors with the same metrics that we use internally to make comparisons of our historical operating results, identify trends in our operating results and evaluate our business. These metrics track our B2C business and exclude users who were referred by an affiliate or who made purchases through an API partner.

	m e Ju	Three nonths ended une 30, 2022	1	Three months ended June 30, 2021	Percent Change	a months ended une 30, 2022	Ji	months ended une 30, 2021	Percent Change
Transactions per user		13.06		13.51	-3.35%	17.18		13.19	30.22%
Tickets per transaction		3.16		3.76	-15.98%	3.37		3.99	-15.56%
Gross revenue per transaction	\$	8.57	\$	9.25	-7.29%	\$ 8.57	\$	9.81	-12.58%
Gross profit per transaction	\$	1.78	\$	1.66	7.30%	\$ 1.64	\$	1.51	8.11%
Gross margin per transaction		20.75%		17.93%	15.74%	19.08%		15.43%	23.67%

Transactions Per User

Transactions per user is the average number of individual transactions per user in a given period. An individual transaction is defined as the placement of an order by a user on our Platform. We use this measure to determine the overall performance of our products on a per user basis. When considered with the other operating metrics, transactions per user provides insight into user stickiness and buying patterns and is a useful tool to identify our most active users, which enables us to deploy more targeted marketing and other strategic initiatives. This metric also gives us the ability to categorize users based on their performance and determine where to expend marketing and/or operational resources. Transactions per user may be subject to variables that are outside of our control, for instance the size and popularity of a particular lottery game.

Tickets Per Transaction

Tickets per transaction is the average number of lottery game tickets purchased by a user per transaction. We use this measure to analyze the impact of product performance with our customers on the number of tickets sold in one transaction. We believe this metric is useful for our investors because it gives insight into the buying habits of our users. Similar to transactions per user, tickets per transaction may be subject to variables that are outside of our control, for instance the size and popularity of a particular lottery game.

Gross Revenue Per Transaction

Gross revenue per transaction is the average gross amount of revenue per transaction. We use this measure to determine how our top line revenue is performing on a per transaction basis, which helps us to identify and evaluate pricing trends. We believe this metric is useful for our investors because it provides insight into our revenue growth potential on a per transaction basis.

Gross Profit Per Transaction

Gross profit per transaction is our average gross profit per transaction, calculated as gross revenue less the cost of the lottery game ticket and any processing fees, including labor, printing and payment processing, per transaction. We believe this metric to be useful to evaluate and analyze our costs and fee structure across product offerings and user cohorts, and additionally, helps our investors because it provides insight into our profit growth potential on a per transaction basis.

Gross Margin Per Transaction

Gross margin per transaction is calculated by dividing gross profit per transaction by gross revenue per transaction. We consider this metric to be a measure of overall performance that provides useful information about the profitability of our B2C Platform.

Components of Our Results of Operations (Prior to the Operational Cessation)

Our Revenue

Revenue from B2C Platform. Our revenue is the retail value of the acquired lottery game and the service fee charged to the user, which we impose on each lottery game purchased from our B2C Platform. The amount of the service fee is based upon several factors, including the retail value of the lottery game purchased by a user, the number of lottery games purchased by a user, and whether such user is located within the U.S. or internationally. Currently, in the U.S, the minimum service fee is \$0.50 for the purchase of a \$1 lottery game and \$1 for the purchase of a \$2 lottery game; the service fee for additional lottery games purchased in the same transaction is 6% of the face value of all lottery games purchased. For example, the service fee for the purchase of five \$2 tickets is \$1.60, being the \$1 base service fee, plus 6% of the aggregate value of the face value of all lottery games purchased. In the three months ended June 30, 2022, our domestic B2C Platform users purchased an average of 3.2 lottery games per transaction at an average service fee of \$0.37 per lottery game.

Internationally, B2C sales in jurisdictions where we do not have direct or indirect authority generate an immaterial amount of revenue, and we are assessing our operations in these jurisdictions. As discussed above, our B2C Platform is not currently operational. We anticipate that our B2C Platform will become operational in the third quarter of 2023.

Revenue from B2B API. Together with our third-party commercial partner, we agree on the amount of the mark-up on the cost to be imposed on the sale of each lottery game purchased through the B2B API, if any, together with a service fee to be charged to the user; we receive up to 50% of the net revenues from such mark-up and service fee pursuant to our commercial agreement with each commercial partner. In the U.S., the Company's average gross revenue per such lottery game sale was \$2.00 in the three months ended June 30, 2022. We currently do not charge our commercial partners a fee for the use of the B2B API. As discussed above, following the Operational Cessation, our B2B API Platform resumed limited operations in April 2023.

<u>Data Services</u>. Commercial acquirers of our Data Service pay a subscription for access to the Data Service and, for acquisition of certain large data sets, an additional per record fee. The Company additionally enters into multi-year contracts pursuant to which it sells proprietary, anonymized transaction data pursuant to multi-year agreements and in accordance with our Terms of Service in consideration of a fee. Our Data Services operations were not impacted by the Operational Cessation.

Our Operating Costs and Expenses

<u>Personnel Costs</u>. Personnel costs include salaries, payroll taxes, health insurance, worker's compensation and other benefits for management and office personnel.

<u>Professional Fees</u>. Professional fees include fees paid for legal and financial advisors, accountants and other professionals related to the Business Combination and other transactions.

General and Administrative. General and administrative expenses include marketing and advertising, expenses, office and facilities lease payments, travel expenses, bank fees, software dues and subscriptions, expensed research and development ("R&D") costs and other fees and expenses.

<u>Depreciation and Amortization</u>. Depreciation and amortization expenses include depreciation and amortization expenses on real property and other assets.

Key Trends and Factors Affecting Our Results

The following describes the trends associated with our business prior to the Operational Cessation that have impacted, and which we expect will continue to impact, our business and results of operations in a material way:

International operations. We face challenges related to expanding our footprint globally and the related process of obtaining the licenses and regulatory approvals necessary to provide services and products within new and emerging markets. The international jurisdictions where we operate and seek to expand have been subject to increasing foreign currency fluctuations against the U.S. dollar, soaring inflation and political and economic instability. We expect these trends to continue during fiscal 2023 and believe they are likely to cause a material decrease in consumer spending, which could have a material impact on our revenues. We expect that it will take a longer period of time to achieve revenue gains or generate cash in the new regions or any new international jurisdictions in which we expand, outside of our domestic geographies.

Introduction of a new gaming platform. We have developed a proprietary, blockchain-enabled gaming platform, which we have named Project Nexus. Project Nexus is designed to handle high levels of user traffic and transaction volume, while maintaining expediency, security, and reliability in processing lottery game sales, the retail requirements of the B2C Platform, the administrative and back-office functionality required by the B2B API, and the claims and redemption process. We expect to utilize this platform to launch new products, including any proprietary products we may introduce. The introduction of new technology like Project Nexus is subject to risks including, for example, implementation delays, issues successfully integrating the technology into our solutions, or the possibility that the technology does not produce the expected benefits.

Our growth plans and the competitive landscape. Our direct competitors operate in the global entertainment and gaming industries and, like us, seek to expand their product and service offerings with integrated products and solutions. Our short-to-medium term focus is on increasing our penetration in our existing U.S. jurisdiction by increasing direct to consumer marketing campaigns, introducing our B2C Platform into new U.S. and international jurisdictions, and acquiring synergistic regulated and sports betting enterprises domestically and abroad. Competition in the sale of online lottery games has significantly increased in recent years, is currently characterized by intense price-based competition, and is subject to changing technology, shifting needs and frequent introductions of new games, development platforms and services. To maintain our competitive edge alongside other established industry players (many of which have more resources, or capital), we expect to incur greater operating expenses in the short-term, such as increased marketing expenses, increased compliance expenses, increased personnel and advisory expenses associated with being a public company, additional expenses and salaries for personnel to support expected growth, additional expenses associated with our ability to execute on our strategic initiatives including our aim to undertake merger and acquisition activities, as well as additional capital expenditures associated with the ongoing development and implementation of Project Nexus.

Current Plan of Operations

As of the date of this Report, the Company's primary revenue drivers are the resumption of its B2B API platform and the launch of Sports.com. It is anticipated that operational costs for the next 12 months through [May 31, 2024] will be greater than revenues. It is anticipated that the liquidity gap will be satisfied by equity or debt raised, of which there is no assurance.

Beyond the next 12 months, the Company plans to re-launch its B2C Platform and continue to expand in domestic and international jurisdictions. The Company plans to enhance its mobile application to include pool plays, tickets subscriptions, loyalty programs and various gamification modules.

Results of Operations

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that we will continue as a going concern and, accordingly, do not include adjustments relating to the recoverability and realization of assets and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should we be unable to continue in operation. We expect we will require additional capital to meet our long-term operating requirements. We expect to raise additional capital through, among other things, the sale of equity or debt securities.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2022 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2021

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

Three Months Ended

June 30, 2022 2021 \$ Change % Change 9,878,497 Revenue 1,885,171 \$ (7,993,326)(81)% Cost of revenue 1,063,355 513,884 48% 1,577,239 307,932 8,815,142 (8,507,210)(97)% Gross profit Operating expenses: Personnel costs 9.512.356 2.025,745 7,486,611 370% Professional fees 1,191,249 4,215% 1,219,509 28,260 General and administrative 3,881,057 4,880,934 (999,877)-20% Depreciation and amortization 1,297,394 808,382 489,012 60% 8,166,995 Total operating expenses 15,910,316 7,743,321 137% 1,071,821 Loss from operations (15,602,384)\$ (16,674,205)(1,556)% Other expenses Interest expense 71.044 2,742,163 (2,671,119)(97)%Other (income) expense (247,851)3.920 (251,771)(2)%Total other (income) expenses, net (107)%(176,807)2,490,392 (2,667,199)Net loss before income tax (15,425,577)(1,418,571)(14,007,006)(1,157)%Income tax expense (benefit) -% 23,364 23,364 Net loss (15,448,941)1,159% (1,418,571)(14,030,370)

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Revenue.

Revenue. Revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2022 was \$1.9 million, a decrease of \$8 million, or 81%, compared to revenue of \$9.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. The decrease in revenue is because \$8.0 million of project related revenue from business partners in the three months ended June 30, 2021 was not recurring revenue.

Cost of Revenue. Cost of revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2022 was \$1.6 million, an increase of \$0.5 million, or 48%, compared to cost of revenue of \$1.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. The increase in the cost of revenue was driven by costs incurred for outside contractors in connection with a project for a business partner in a new jurisdiction.

Gross Profit. Gross profit for the three months ended June 30, 2022 was \$0.3 million compared to \$8.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021, a decrease of \$8.5 million, or 97%. This decrease was primarily due to the decrease in revenue because project related revenue from business partners was not recurring in 2022.

Operating Costs and Expenses.

Three Months Ended

	Julie 30,							
		2022		2021		\$ Change	% Change	
Operating expenses								
Personnel costs	\$	9,512,356	\$	2,025,745	\$	7,486,611	370%	
Professional fees		1,219,509		28,260		1,191,249	4,215%	
General and Administrative		3,881,057		4,880,934		(999,877)	-20%	
Depreciation and amortization		1,297,394		808,382		489,012	60%	
Total operating expenses	\$	15,910,316	\$	7,743,321	\$	8,166,995	105%	

Operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2022 were \$15.9 million, an increase of \$8.2 million, or 105%, compared to \$7.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. The increase was primarily driven by increased personnel expenses incurred from \$6.7 million of stock compensation expense and increased general and administrative expenses from public company expenses, web software development.

Personnel Costs. Personnel costs increased by \$7.5 million, from \$2.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021, to \$9.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022. The increase was due primarily to an increase of \$6.7 million in stock compensation expense as a result of equity grants that were valued at the share price soon after the Business Combination.

Professional Fees. Professional fees increased by \$1.2 million, or 4,215%, from \$28 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2021 to \$1.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022. The increase was primarily due to higher accounting and legal fees and costs for investor relations and compliance as a public company in Q1 of 2022.

General and Administrative. General and administrative expenses decreased \$1 million thousand, or -20%, from \$4.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 to \$3.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022. The primary reason for the decrease is that a penalty for missing a deadline for payments to previous minority owners of TinBu and other one-time expenses for Tinbu which were incurred in the second quarter of 2021 did not reoccur in the second quarter of 2022.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation and amortization increased \$0.5 million, or 60%, from \$0.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 to \$1.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022. The increase was primarily driven by the amortization of intangibles acquired in the third quarter of 2021.

Other (Income) Expense, Net.

Three Months Ended June 30.

	 Stille 50,					
	 2022		2021	\$ Change	% Change	
Other expenses	 					
Interest expense	71,044		2,742,163	(2,671,119)	(97)%	
Other (income) expense	 (247,851)		(251,771)	3,920	(2)%	
Total other (income) expense, net	\$ (176,807)	\$	2,490,392	(2,667,199)	(107)%	

Interest Expense. We had minimal interest expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2022, compared to interest expense of \$2.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. This change was driven by lower debt levels as a result of debt that converted into equity at the time of the Business Combination or settled in cash following the Closing.

Other Income. We had approximately \$0.25 million in other income for the three months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to other income of approximately \$0.30 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2021

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

		Six Months E	nded J	une 30,			
		2022		2021		\$ Change	% Change
Revenue	\$	5,515,863	\$	15,340,036	\$	(9,824,173)	(64)%
Cost of revenue	•	3,961,981		4,010,336		(48,355)	(1)%
Gross profit		1,553,882		11,329,700		(9,775,818)	(86)%
Operating expenses:							
Personnel costs		33,915,222		3,121,538		30,793,684	986%
Professional fees		4,357,459		2,443,458		1,914,001	78%
General and administrative		6,893,234		6,269,508		623,726	10%
Depreciation and amortization		2,671,319		1,175,641		1,495,678	127%
Total operating expenses		47,837,234		13,010,145		34,827,089	268%
Loss from operations	\$	(46,283,352)	\$	(1,680,445)	\$	(44,602,907)	(2,654)%
Other expenses							
Interest expense		75,025		5,214,211		(5,139,186)	(99)%
Other (income) expense		3,941,293		(20,051)		3,961,344	(19,756)%
Total other (income) expenses, net		4,016,318		5,194,160		(1,177,842)	(23)%
Net loss before income tax	\$	(50,299,670)	\$	(6,874,605)	\$	(43,425,065)	(632)%
Income tax expense (benefit)		46,728				46,728	-%
Net loss		(50,346,398)		(6,874,605)	\$	(43,471,793)	(632)%

Revenue.

Revenue. Revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was \$5.5 million, a decrease of \$9.8 million, or 64%, compared to revenue of \$15.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The decrease in revenue is because \$10.0 million of revenue from business partners in the six months ended June 30, 2021 was not recurring revenue in 2022.

Cost of Revenue. Cost of revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was \$4 million, a decrease of \$0.04 million, or 1%, compared to cost of revenue of \$4.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The decrease in the cost of revenue was driven by a decrease in commissions expenses to partners and affiliates.

Gross Profit. Gross profit for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was \$1.5 million compared to \$11.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021, a decrease of \$9.8 million, or 86%. This decrease was primarily due to the decrease in revenue which occurred because project related revenue from business partners was not recurring in 2022.

Operating Costs and Expenses.

Six Months Ended

	Jun	e su,					
	 2022		2021	\$ Change		% Change	
Operating expenses							
Personnel costs	\$ 33,915,222	\$	3,121,538	\$	30,793,684	986%	
Professional fees	4,357,459		2,443,458		1,914,001	78%	
General and Administrative	6,893,234		6,269,508		623,726	10%	
Depreciation and amortization	2,671,319		1,175,641		1,495,678	127%	
Total operating expenses	\$ 47,837,234	\$	13,010,145	\$	34,827,089	286%	
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Operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2022 were \$47.8 million, an increase of \$34.8 million, or 286%, compared to \$13 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase was primarily driven by increased personnel expenses incurred from \$27.6 million of stock compensation expense and increased general and administrative expenses from public company expenses, increased headcount to support the Company's growth.

Personnel Costs. Personnel costs increased by \$30.8 million, from \$3.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021, to \$33.9 million for the six months ended March 31, 2022. The increase was due primarily to an increase of \$27.6 million in stock compensation expense as a result of equity grants that were valued at the share price soon after the Business Combination.

Professional Fees. Professional fees increased by \$1.9 million, or 78%, from \$2.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 to \$4.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022. The increase was driven primarily by public company legal, accounting, and professional fees including non-cash warrant issuances of an approximate \$0.2 million.

General and Administrative. General and administrative expenses increased \$624 thousand, or 10%, from \$6.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 to \$6.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022. There was increased spending for public company expenses, such as business insurance along with increased spending on IT and other consulting, web software development, and increased marketing spend resulting from the use of Gatehouse Media credits, which we received several years ago in exchange for warrants.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation and amortization increased \$2.6 million, or 127%, from \$1.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 to \$1.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022. The increase was driven by the acquisition of the sports.com domain name in 2021 as well as the intangibles resulting from the purchase of Global Gaming mid-2021.

Other (Income) Expense, Net.

Six Months Ended

	 Jun	ıe 30,			
	 2022		2021	\$ Change	% Change
Other expenses					
Interest expense	75,025		5,214,211	(5,139,186)	(99)%
Other (income) expense	 3,941,293		(20,051)	3,961,344	(19,756)%
Total other (income) expense, net	\$ 4,016,318	\$	5,194,160	(1,177,842)	(23)%

Interest Expense. We had minimal interest expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to interest expense of \$5.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. This change was driven by lower debt levels as a result of debt that converted into equity at the time of the Business Combination or settled in cash following the Closing.

Other Expense. Other expense for the six months ended June 30, 2022 is related to an expense recorded to reflect a discount on a long term asset that will be received by the Company over time.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Prior to the Operational Cessation, our primary need for liquidity was to fund working capital requirements of our business, growth, capital expenditures and for general corporate purposes. Our primary source of liquidity had historically been funds generated by financing activities. Upon the Closing on October 29, 2021, we received net proceeds of approximately \$42.8 million in cash.

Following the Operational Cessation, our primary need for liquidity has been to fund the restart of our business operations, re-hire employees and pay our expenses. As of the date of this Amended Report, our sole source of liquidity is the funds provided to us under the Loan Agreement with Woodford, of which \$1.25 million remains available to us under such agreement. We expect that the most likely source of such future funding presently available to us is through additional borrowings under the Loan Agreement or through the issuance of equity or debt securities. If Woodford does not advance us amounts owed under the Loan Agreement or we are otherwise not able to secure the necessary capital to restart our operations, hire new employees, and obtain funding sufficient to support and restart our operations, we may be forced to permanently cease our operations, sell off our assets and operations, and/or seek bankruptcy protection, which could cause the value of our securities to become worthless.

These conditions, along with our current lack of material revenue producing activities, and significant debt, raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern for the next 12 months. For more information, see Note 2 – Liquidity and Going Concern to the consolidated financial statements included herein.

Prior Convertible Debt Obligations

Prior to the Closing, we funded our operations through the issuance of convertible promissory notes.

From August to October 2017, the Company entered into seven Convertible Promissory Note Agreements with unaffiliated investors for an aggregate amount of \$821,500. The notes bore interest at 10% per year, were unsecured, and were due and payable on June 30, 2019. The Company and the noteholders executed amendments in February 2021 to extend the maturity date to December 21, 2021. As of both June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the balance of these notes was \$771,500.

From November 2019 through October 28, 2021, we issued approximately \$48.2 million in aggregate principal amount of Series B convertible promissory notes. The notes bear interest at 8% per year, were unsecured, and were due and payable on dates ranging from December 2020 to December 2022. For those promissory notes that would have matured on or before December 31, 2020, the parties extended the maturity date to December 21, 2021 through amendments executed in February 2021. The amendments also allowed for automatic conversion to equity as a result of the Business Combination. Nearly all of the aforementioned promissory notes automatically converted into shares of Common Stock or were terminated pursuant to their terms, as applicable, in connection with the Closing. Those that remain outstanding do not have conversion terms that were triggered by the Closing.

Immediately prior to the Closing, approximately \$60.0 million of convertible debt was converted into equity of AutoLotto. As of June 30, 2022, we had no convertible debt outstanding.

See "Recent Developments— Loan Agreement with Woodford" above for additional information on the terms of the Loan Agreement.

Cash Flows

Prior to the Operational Cessation, net cash used in operating activities was \$0.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$4.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Factors affecting changes in operating cash flows were decreased revenue from operations combined with increased expenses for professional fees, personnel costs, and sales and marketing activities in 2022 as compared to 2021.

Net cash used in investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2022 was \$1.2 million, compared to \$3.1 million for the prior year. The decrease was primarily the result of the \$3 million to purchase intangible assets in the six months ended June 30, 2021 versus \$1.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2022.

Net cash used by financing activities was \$0.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to net cash provided of \$14.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The decrease was primarily due convertible debt being issued in 2021 which did not repeat in 2022.

Emerging Growth Company Accounting Election

Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can choose not to take advantage of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies, and any such election to not take advantage of the extended transition period is irrevocable. We are an "emerging growth company" as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and have elected to take advantage of the benefits of this extended transition period. We expect to remain an emerging growth company through the end of the 2023 fiscal year and we expect to continue to take advantage of the benefits of the extended transition period. This may make it difficult or impossible to compare the financial results with the financial results of another public company that is either not an emerging growth company or is an emerging growth company that has chosen not to take advantage of the extended transition period exemptions for emerging growth companies because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our financial statements and the related notes thereto included elsewhere in this Report are prepared in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reporting values of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The more significant estimates and assumptions are those used in determining the recoverability of long-lived assets and inventory obsolescence. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. To the extent that there are differences between our estimates and actual results, our future financial statement presentation, financial condition, results of operations and cash flow will be affected.

Our critical accounting policies are described under the heading "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" in the Amended Annual Report and the notes to the audited financial statements appearing elsewhere in the Amended Annual Report. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, there were no material changes to our critical accounting policies from those discussed in our 2021 Annual Report. In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)." This guidance requires recognition of most lease liabilities on the balance sheet to give investors, lenders, and other financial statement users a more comprehensive view of a company's long-term financial obligations, as well as the assets it owns versus leases. ASU 2016-02 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, and for interim periods within annual periods after December 15, 2022. In July 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-11 making transition requirements less burdensome. The standard provides an option to apply the transition provisions of the new standard at its adoption date instead of at the earliest comparative period presented in the Company's financial statements. We are currently evaluating the impact that this guidance will have on our financial statements as well as the expected adoption method. The adoption of this standard will not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses: Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments", as additional guidance on the measurement of credit losses on financial instruments. The new guidance requires the measurement of all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions and reasonable supportable forecasts. In addition, the guidance amends the accounting for credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities and purchased financial assets with credit deterioration. The new guidance is effective for all public companies for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. In October 2019, the FASB approved a proposal which grants smaller reporting companies additional time to implement FASB standards on current expected credit losses (CECL) to January 2023. As a smaller reporting company, we will defer adoption of ASU No. 2016-13 until January 2023. We are currently evaluating the impact this guidance will have on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

As a "smaller reporting company" as defined by Rule 10(f)(1) of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide this information.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this Report. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. Based on such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer has concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this Report, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective due to the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting with respect to our financial statement closing and reporting process, as described below. As a result of this conclusion, we retained third-party accounting consultants who performed additional analysis as deemed necessary to ensure that our financial statements were prepared in accordance with GAAP. Accordingly, management believes that the financial statements included in this Report present fairly in all material respects our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented.

Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In connection with the audit of our condensed consolidated financial statements included in our Amended Annual Report, our management identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 relating to deficiencies in the design and operation of the procedures relating to the closing of our financial statements. These include: (i) our lack of a sufficient number of personnel with an appropriate level of knowledge and experience in accounting for complex or non-routine transactions, (ii) the fact that our policies and procedures with respect to the review, supervision and monitoring of our accounting and reporting functions were either not designed and in place or not operating effectively; (iii) our inability to complete the timely closing of financial books at the quarter and fiscal year end, and (iv) incomplete segregation of duties in certain types of transactions and processes.

Specifically, management did not design and maintain sufficient procedures and controls related to revenue recognition including those related to ensuring accuracy of revenue recognized from non-routine transactions such as the sales of LotteryLink Credits, which resulted in an overstatement of revenue of approximately \$52.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2021, which required a restatement of our previously issued financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 contained in the Amended Annual Report.

We have implemented remediation steps to improve our internal control over financial reporting and to remediate the identified material weaknesses, including (i) adding personnel with sufficient accounting knowledge; (ii) adopting a more rigorous period-end review process for financial reporting; (iii) adopting improved period close processes and accounting processes, and (iv) clearly defining and documenting the segregation of duties for certain transactions and processes. Management has expanded and will continue to enhance our system of identifying transactions and evaluating and implementing the accounting standards that apply to our financial statements, including through enhanced analyses by our personnel and third-party professionals with whom we consult regarding complex accounting applications. We intend to continue take steps to remediate the material weaknesses described above and further continue re-assessing the design of controls, the testing of controls and modifying processes designed to improve our internal control over financial reporting. The Company plans to continue to assess its internal controls and procedures and intends to take further action as necessary or appropriate to address any other matters it identifies or are brought to its attention. We will not be able to fully remediate these material weaknesses until these steps have been completed and have been operating effectively for a sufficient period of time. The implementation of our remediation will be ongoing and will require validation and testing of the design and operating effectiveness of internal controls over a sustained period of financial reporting cycles. We may also conclude that additional measures may be required to remediate the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting.

We cannot assure you that the measures we take will be sufficient to remediate the material weaknesses we identified or avoid the identification of additional material weaknesses in the future. If the steps we take do not remediate the material weaknesses in a timely manner, there could continue to be a reasonable possibility that this control deficiency or others could result in another material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements that would not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Except as otherwise described herein, there was no change in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rule 13a-15(d) and 15d-15(d) of the Exchange Act that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2022 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

The Company is from time to time a party to various lawsuits, claims and other legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business. In addition, following the period covered by this Report, the Company became a party to several material legal proceedings, which are described below. The outcome of litigation is inherently uncertain. If one or more legal matters were resolved against the Company in a reporting period for amounts in excess of management's expectations, the Company's financial condition and operating results for that reporting period could be materially adversely affected.

J. Streicher

On July 29, 2022, the Company filed its original Verified Complaint for Breach of Contract and Specific Performance (the "Streicher Complaint") against J. Streicher Financial, LLC ("Streicher") in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (the "Chancery Court"), styled AutoLotto, Inc. dba Lottery.com v. J. Streicher Financial, LLC (Case No. 2022-0661-MTZ). In the Streicher Complaint, the Company alleged that Streicher breached the contract entered into by the parties on March 9, 2022 and demanded that Streicher return \$16,500,000.00 it owed to the Company. On September 26, 2022, the Chancery Court entered an order in favor of the Company, Granting with Modifications Company's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment in the amount of \$16,500,000.00 (the "Streicher Judgment"). On October 27, 2022, the Chancery Court further awarded the Company \$397,036.94 in attorney's fees (the "Fee Order"). On November 15, 2022, the Company initiated efforts against Streicher to seek collections on the Judgment. On December 8, 2022, the Company's prior attorney Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom, LLP ("Skadden") filed its Combined Motion to Withdraw as Counsel and For a Charging Lien in amount of \$3,024,201.17 for legal fees unpaid by Company ("Skadden's Motion"). On December 30, 2022, the Company filed its response to Skadden's Motion, alleging that the Chancery Court should deny Skadden's Motion for a Charging Lien as a matter of law or, in the alternative, limit the charging lien to the amount of the attorneys' fees awarded by the Fee Order. As of the date of this Amended Report, the Chancery Court has not set Skadden's Motion for an oral hearing, nor has it entered an order on the motion. On January 20, 2023, faced with post-judgment discovery and depositions, Streicher remitted a partial payment towards the Judgment in the amount of \$75,000.00. On February 13, 2023, Streicher made another payment towards the Judgment in the amount of \$50,000.00 and had agreed to make another payment in the amount of \$75,000.00 on February 28, 2023, which it failed to make. The Company intends to fully collect on the Judgment and shall pursue all legal and equitable means to enforce the Judgment against Streicher until the Judgment is fully satisfied. See "Item 1A. Risk Factors - Legal Proceedings Risks - We may not recover amounts owed to us from J. Streicher Financial, LLC" in the Amended Annual Report for further information.

Preston Million Class Action

On August 19, 2022, Preston Million filed the *Class Action Complaint* (the "Class Action Complaint") against the Company and certain former officers and directors of the Company in the United States District Court for Southern District of New York (the "SDNY"), styled *Preston Million, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated vs. Lottery.com, Inc. f/k/a Trident Acquisitions Corp., Anthony DiMatteo, Matthew Clemenson and Ryan Dickinson (Case No. 1:22-cv-07111-JLR). The Class Action Complaint alleged violations by all defendants of Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") 15 U.S.C. §8 78j(b), 78t(a), as amended by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 ("PSLRA"), U.S.C. § 78u-4 et seq. (collectively "Federal Securities Laws"). On November 18, 2022, the SNDY ordered the appointment of RTD Bros, LLC, Todd Benn, Tom Benn and Tomasz Rzedian (collectively "Lottery Investor Group") as lead plaintiff and Glancy Prongay & Murray, LLP as lead counsel for plaintiffs and for the class in the case. On December 5, 2022, the Court stipulated a Scheduling Order in the case. On January 12, 2023, the Company's legal counsel timely filed its Notice of Appearance. On January 31, 2022, plaintiffs filed their Amended Complaint adding Kathryn Lever, Marat Rosenberg, Vadim Komissarov, Thomas Gallagher, Gennadii Butkevych, Ilya Ponomarev as additional defendants in the case. The Amended Complaint alleges, among other things, that defendants made materially false and misleading statements in violation of Section 10(b),14(a) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act and plaintiffs seek compensatory damages, reasonable cost and expenses including counsel fees and expert fees. Pursuant to the Scheduling Order, the Company filed its motion to dismiss the Amended Complaint on April 3, 2023, under the newly consolidated caption and its proposed order to dismiss the matter. Plaintiffs are expected to file their opposition to the motion to dismiss no later than May 18, 2023, which*

TinBu Complaint

On March 13, 2023, John Brier, Bin Tu and JBBT, LLC (collectively, the "TinBu Plaintiffs") filed its original complaint against Lottery.com, Inc. f/k/a AutoLotto, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary TinBu, LLC ("TinBu") in the Circuit Court of the 13th Judicial District in and for Hillsborough County, Florida (the "TinBu Complaint"). The Complaint alleges breach of contract(s) and misrepresentation with alleged damages in excess of \$4.6 million. The parties agreed to extend the Company and its subsidiary's deadline to respond until May 1, 2023. On May 2, 2023, the Company and its subsidiary retained local counsel who filed a Notice of Appearance on behalf of the Company and TinBu and filed a Motion for Enlargement requesting the Court to extend its deadline to file its initial response to the Complaint by an additional 30 days (the "Motion for Enlargement"). As of the date of this Report, the Motion for Enlargement has not been set for a hearing. On May 5, 2023, Plaintiffs filed their Motion for Court Default ("Plaintiffs' Motion for Default"), despite Company's Motion for Enlargement. As of the date of this Report, the Plaintiffs' Motion for Default has not been set for a hearing. The Company intends to oppose Plaintiffs' Motion for Default. On May 9, 2023, Plaintiffs served Plaintiffs' First Request for Admissions (the "RFA") to the Company. The Company intends to respond in a timely manner or make necessary objections to the RFA.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those in this Report are any of the risks described in the "Risk Factors" section of our Amended Annual Report. Any of these factors could result in a significant or material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition. Additional risk factors not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business or results of operations.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit

Number	Description
10.1*	Business Loan Agreement dated January 4, 2022, between Autolotto, Inc. and The Provident Bank
10.2*	\$30,000,000 Promissory Note dated January 4, 2022, between Autolotto, Inc. and The Provident Bank
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
32.1**	Certification of Principal Executive and Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
101.INS*	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded
	within the Inline XBRL document
101.SCH*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104*	Inline XBRL for the cover page of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q included in the Exhibit 101 Inline XBRL Document Set

^{*} Filed herewith.

^{**} Furnished herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Lottery.com Inc.

By: /s/ Mark Gustavson

Name: Mark Gustavson
Title: Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer and Principal Accounting/Financial

Officer)

Dated: May 22, 2023

BUSINESS LOAN AGREEMENT

-	Principal	Loan Date 01-04-2022	Maturity 01-04-2024	Loan No	Call / Coll	Account	Officer RF	Initials	
	\$30,000,000.00 01-04-2022 01-04-2024 References in the boxes above are for Lender's use only and do not limit the applicability of this document to any particular loan or item. Any item above containing "***" has been omitted due to text length limitations.								

Borrower:

Autolotto, Inc. 20808 State Highway 71 West Suite B Spicewood, TX 78669

Lender:

The Provident Bank 5 Market Street Amesbury, MA 01913

THIS BUSINESS LOAN AGREEMENT dated January 4, 2022, is made and executed between Autolotto, Inc. ("Borrower") and The Provident Bank ("Lender") on the following terms and conditions. Borrower has received prior commercial loans from Lender or has applied to Lender for a commercial loan or loans or other financial accommodations, including those which may be described on any exhibit or schedule attached to this Agreement. Borrower understands and agrees that: (A) in granting, renewing, or extending any Loan, Lender is relying upon Borrower's representations, warranties, and agreements as set forth in this Agreement; (B) the granting, renewing, or extending of any Loan by Lender at all times shall be subject to Lender's sole judgment and discretion; and (C) all such Loans shall be and remain subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement. conditions of this Agreement.

TERM. This Agreement shall be effective as of January 4, 2022, and shall continue in full force and effect until such time as all of Borrower's Loans in favor of Lender have been paid in full, including principal, interest, costs, expenses, attorneys' fees, and other fees and charges, or until such time as the parties may agree in writing to terminate this Agreement.

LINE OF CREDIT. The Indebtedness contemplates multiple loan advances.

CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO EACH ADVANCE. Lender's obligation to make the initial Advance and each subsequent Advance under this Agreement shall be subject to the fulfillment to Lender's satisfaction of all of the conditions set forth in this Agreement and in the Related Documents.

Loan Documents. Borrower shall provide to Lender the following documents for the Loan: (1) the Note; (2) Security Agreements granting to Lender security interests in the Collateral; (3) financing statements and all other documents perfecting Lender's Security Interests; (4) evidence of insurance as required below; (5) together with all such Related Documents as Lender may require for the Loan; all in form and substance satisfactory to Lender and Lender's counsel.

Borrower's Authorization. Borrower shall have provided in form and substance satisfactory to Lender properly certified resolutions, duly authorizing the execution and delivery of this Agreement, the Note and the Related Documents. In addition, Borrower shall have provided such other resolutions, authorizations, documents and instruments as Lender or its counsel, may require.

Payment of Fees and Expenses. Borrower shall have paid to Lender all fees, charges, and other expenses which are then due and payable as specified in this Agreement or any Related Document.

Representations and Warranties. The representations and warranties set forth in this Agreement, in the Related Documents, and in any document or certificate delivered to Lender under this Agreement are true and correct

No Event of Default. There shall not exist at the time of any Advance a condition which would constitute an Event of Default under this Agreement or under any Related Document.

REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES. Borrower represents and warrants to Lender, as of the date of this Agreement, as of the date of each disbursement of loan proceeds, as of the date of any renewal, extension or modification of any Loan, and at all times any Indebtedness exists:

organization. Borrower is a corporation for profit which is, and at all times shall be, duly organized, validly existing, and in good standing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Delaware. Borrower is duly authorized to transact business in all other states in which Borrower is doing business, having obtained all necessary filings, governmental licenses and approvals for each state in which Borrower is doing business. Specifically, Borrower is, and at all times shall be, duly qualified as a foreign corporation in all states in which Borrower is doing business. Specifically, Borrower is, and at all times shall be, duly qualified as a foreign corporation in all states in which the failure to so qualify would have a material adverse effect on its business or financial condition. Borrower has the full power and authority to own its properties and to transact the business in which it is presently engaged or presently proposes to engage. Borrower maintains an office at 20808 State Highway 71 West Suite B, Spicewood, TX 78669. Unless Borrower has designated otherwise in writing, the principal office is the office at which Borrower keeps its books and records including its records concerning the Collateral. Borrower will notify Lender prior to any change in the location of Borrower's state of organization or any change in Borrower's name. Borrower shall do all things necessary to preserve and to keep in full force and effect its existence, rights and privileges, and shall comply with all regulations, rules, ordinances, statutes, orders and decrees of any governmental or quasi-governmental authority or court applicable to Borrower and Borrower's business activities. Borrower's business activities

Assumed Business Names. Borrower has filed or recorded all documents or filings required by law relating to all assumed business names used by Borrower. Excluding the name of Borrower, the following is a complete list of all assumed business names under which Borrower does business: None.

Authorization. Borrower's execution, delivery, and performance of this Agreement and all the Related Documents have been duly authorized by all necessary action by Borrower and do not conflict with, result in a violation of, or constitute a default under (1) any provision of (a) Borrower's articles of incorporation or organization, or bylaws, or (b) any agreement or other instrument binding upon Borrower or (2) any law, governmental regulation, court decree, or order applicable to Borrower or to Borrower's properties.

Financial Information. Each of Borrower's financial statements supplied to Lender truly and completely disclosed Borrower's financial condition as of the date of the statement, and there has been no material adverse change in Borrower's financial condition subsequent to the date of the most recent financial statement supplied to Lender. Borrower has no material contingent obligations except as disclosed in such financial statements.

Legal Effect. This Agreement constitutes, and any instrument or agreement Borrower is required to give under this Agreement when delivered will constitute legal, valid, and binding obligations of Borrower enforceable against Borrower in accordance with their respective

Properties. Except as contemplated by this Agreement or as previously disclosed in Borrower's financial statements or in writing to Lender and as accepted by Lender, and except for property tax liens for taxes not presently due and payable, Borrower owns and has good title to all of Borrower's properties free and clear of all Security Interests, and has not executed any security documents or financing statements relating to such properties. All of Borrower's properties are titled in Borrower's legal name, and Borrower has not used or filed a financing statement under any other name for at least the last five (5) years.

Iterating to such properties. All of Borrowers properties are titled in Borrower's legal name, and Borrower has not used or filed a financing statement under any other name for at least the last five (5) years.

Hazardous Substances. Except as disclosed to and acknowledged by Lender in writing, Borrower represents and warrants that: (1) During the period of Borrower's ownership of the Collateral, there has been no use, generation, manufacture, storage, treatment, disposal, release or threatened release of any Hazardous Substance by any person on, under, about or from any of the Collateral. (2) Borrower has no knowledge of, or reason to believe that there has been (a) any breach or violation of any Environmental Laws; (b) any use, generation, manufacture, storage, treatment, disposal, release or threatened release of any Hazardous Substance on, under, about or from the Collateral by any prior owners or occupants of any of the Collateral; or (c) any actual or threatened litigation or claims of any kind by any person relating to such matters. (3) Neither Borrower nor any tenant, contractor, agent or other authorized user of any of the Collateral shall use, generate, manufacture, store, treat, dispose of or release any Hazardous Substance on, under, about or from any of the Collateral; and any such activity shall be conducted in compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, regulations, and ordinances, including without limitation all Environmental Laws. Borrower authorizes Lender and its agents to enter upon the Collateral to make such inspections and tests as Lender may deem appropriate to determine compliance of the Collateral with this section of the Agreement. In addition, Borrower represents and warrants that Borrower's Collateral does not contain urea formaldehyde foam insulation or urea formaldehyde resin in violation of any applicable state laws. Any inspections or tests made by Lender shall be at Borrower's expense and for Lender's purposes only and shall not be construed to create any re

Litigation and Claims. No litigation, claim, investigation, administrative proceeding or similar action (including those for unpaid taxes) against Borrower is pending or threatened, and no other event has occurred which may materially adversely affect Borrower's financial condition or properties, other than litigation, claims, or other events, if any, that have been disclosed to and acknowledged by Lender in writing.

Taxes. All of Borrower's tax returns and reports that are or were required to be filed, have been filed, and all taxes, assessments and other governmental charges have been paid in full, except those presently being or to be contested by Borrower in good faith in the ordinary course of business and for which adequate reserves have been provided.

Lien Priority. Unless otherwise previously disclosed to Lender in writing, Borrower has not entered into or granted any Security Agreements, or permitted the filling or attachment of any Security Interests on or affecting any of the Collateral directly or indirectly securing repayment of Borrower's Loan and Note, that would be prior or that may in any way be superior to Lender's Security Interests and rights in and to such Collateral.

Binding Effect. This Agreement, the Note, all Security Agreements (if any), and all Related Documents are binding upon the signers thereof, as well as upon their successors, representatives and assigns, and are legally enforceable in accordance with their respective terms.

AFFIRMATIVE COVENANTS. Borrower covenants and agrees with Lender that, so long as this Agreement remains in effect, Borrower will

Notices of Claims and Litigation. Promptly inform Lender in writing of (1) all material adverse changes in Borrower's financial condition, and (2) all existing and all threatened litigation, claims, investigations, administrative proceedings or similar actions affecting Borrower or any Guarantor which could materially affect the financial condition of Borrower or the financial condition of any Guarantor.

Financial Records. Maintain its books and records in accordance with GAAP, applied on a consistent basis, and permit Lender to examine and audit Borrower's books and records at all reasonable times.

Financial Statements. Furnish Lender with such financial statements and other related information at such frequencies and in such detail as Lender may reasonably request.

Additional Information. Furnish such additional information and statements, as Lender may request from time to time

Insurance. Maintain fire and other risk insurance, public liability insurance, and such other insurance as Lender may require with respect to Borrower's properties and operations, in form, amounts, coverages and with Insurance companies acceptable to Lender. Borrower, upon request of Lender, will deliver to Lender from time to time the policies or certificates of insurance in form satisfactory to Lender, including stipulations that coverages will not be cancelled or diminished without at least thirty (30) days prior written notice to Lender. Each insurance policy also shall include an endorsement providing that coverage in favor of Lender will not be impaired in any way by any act, omission or default of Borrower or any other person. In connection with all policies covering assets in which Lender holds or is offered a security interest for the Loans, Borrower will provide Lender with such lender's loss payable or other endorsements as Lender may require.

Insurance Reports. Furnish to Lender, upon request of Lender, reports on each existing insurance policy showing such information as Lender may reasonably request, including without limitation the following: (1) the name of the insurer; (2) the risks insured; (3) the amount of the policy; (4) the properties insured; (5) the then current property values on the basis of which insurance has been obtained, and the manner of determining those values; and (6) the expiration date of the policy. In addition, upon request of Lender (however not more often than annually), Borrower will have an independent appraiser satisfactory to Lender determine, as applicable, the actual cash value or replacement cost of any Collateral. The cost of such appraisal shall be paid by Borrower.

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Other Agreements. Comply with all terms and conditions of all other agreements, whether now or hereafter existing, between Borrower and any other party and notify Lender immediately in writing of any default in connection with any other such agreements.

Loan Proceeds. Use all Loan proceeds solely for Borrower's business operations, unless specifically consented to the contrary by Lender in

Taxes, Charges and Liens. Pay and discharge when due all of its indebtedness and obligations, including without limitation all assessments, taxes, governmental charges, levies and liens, of every kind and nature, imposed upon Borrower or its properties, income, or profits, prior to the date on which penalties would attach, and all lawful claims that, if unpaid, might become a lien or charge upon any of Borrower's properties, income, or profits. Provided however, Borrower will not be required to pay and discharge any such assessment, tax, charge, levy, lien or claim so long as (1) the legality of the same shall be contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings, and (2) Borrower shall have established on Borrower's books adequate reserves with respect to such contested assessment, tax, charge, levy, lien, or claim in accordance with GAAP.

Performance. Perform and comply, in a timely manner, with all terms, conditions, and provisions set forth in this Agreement, in the Related Documents, and in all other instruments and agreements between Borrower and Lender. Borrower shall notify Lender immediately in writing of any default in connection with any agreement.

Operations. Maintain executive and management personnel with substantially the same qualifications and experience as the present executive and management personnel; provide written notice to Lender of any change in executive and management personnel; conduct its business affairs in a reasonable and prudent manner.

Environmental Studies. Promptly conduct and complete, at Borrower's expense, all such investigations, studies, samplings and testings as may be requested by Lender or any governmental authority relative to any substance, or any waste or by-product of any substance defined as toxic or a hazardous substance under applicable federal, state, or local law, rule, regulation, order or directive, at or affecting any property or any facility owned, leased or used by Borrower.

Compliance with Governmental Requirements. Comply with all laws, ordinances, and regulations, now or hereafter in effect, of all governmental authorities applicable to the conduct of Borrower's properties, businesses and operations, and to the use or occupancy of the Collateral, including without limitation, the Americans With Disabilities Act. Borrower may contest in good faith any such law, ordinance, or regulation and withhold compliance during any proceeding, including appropriate appeals, so long as Borrower has notified Lender in writing prior to doing so and so long as, in Lender's sole opinion, Lender's interests in the Collateral are not jeopardized. Lender may require Borrower to post adequate security or a surrety bond, reasonably satisfactory to Lender, to protect Lender's interest.

Inspection. Permit employees or agents of Lender at any reasonable time to inspect any and all Collateral for the Loan or Loans and Borrower's other properties and to examine or audit Borrower's books, accounts, and records and to make copies and memoranda of Borrower's books, accounts, and records. If Borrower now or at any time hereafter maintains any records (including without limitation computer generated records and computer software programs for the generation of such records) in the possession of a third party, Borrower, upon request of Lender, shall notify such party to permit Lender free access to such records at all reasonable times and to provide Lender with copies of any records it may request, all at Borrower's expense.

Compliance Certificates. Unless waived in writing by Lender, provide Lender at least annually, with a certificate executed by Borrower's chief financial officer, or other officer or person acceptable to Lender, certifying that the representations and warranties set forth in this Agreement are true and correct as of the date of the certificate and further certifying that, as of the date of the certificate, no Event of Default exists under this Agreement.

Environmental Compliance and Reports. Borrower shall comply in all respects with any and all Environmental Laws; not cause or permit to exist, as a result of an intentional or unintentional action or omission on Borrower's part or on the part of any third party, on property owned and/or occupied by Borrower, any environmental activity where damage may result to the environment, unless such environmental activity is pursuant to and in compliance with the conditions of a permit issued by the appropriate federal, state or local governmental authorities; shall furnish to Lender promptly and in any event within thirty (30) days after receipt thereof a copy of any notice, summons, lien, citation, directive, letter or other communication from any governmental agency or instrumentality concerning any intentional or unintentional action or omission on Borrower's part in connection with any environmental activity whether or not there is damage to the environment and/or other natural resources.

Additional Assurances. Make, execute and deliver to Lender such promissory notes, mortgages, deeds of trust, security agreements, assignments, financing statements, instruments, documents and other agreements as Lender or its attorneys may reasonably request to evidence and secure the Loans and to perfect all Security Interests.

ENDER'S EXPENDITURES. If any action or proceeding is commenced that would materially affect Lender's interest in the Collateral or if Borrower fails to comply with any provision of this Agreement or any Related Documents, including but not limited to Borrower's failure to discharge or pay when due any amounts Borrower is required to discharge or pay under this Agreement or any Related Documents, Lender on Borrower's behalf may (but shall not be obligated to) take any action that Lender deems appropriate, including but not limited to discharging or paying all taxes, liens, security interests, encumbrances and other claims, at any time levied or placed on any Collateral and paying all costs for insuring, maintaining and preserving any Collateral. All such expenditures incurred or paid by Lender for such purposes will then bear interest at the rate charged under the Note from the date incurred or paid by Lender to the date of repayment by Borrower. All such expenses will become a part of the Indebtedness and, at Lender's option, will (A) be payable on demand; (B) be added to the balance of the Note and be apportioned among and be payable with any installment payments to become due during either (1) the term of any applicable insurance policy; or (2) the remaining term of the Note; or (C) be treated as a balloon payment which will be due and payable at the Note's maturity.

NEGATIVE COVENANTS. Borrower covenants and agrees with Lender that while this Agreement is in effect, Borrower shall not, without the prior written consent of Lender:

Indebtedness and Liens. (1) Except for trade debt incurred in the normal course of business and indebtedness to Lender contemplated by this Agreement, create, incur or assume indebtedness for borrowed money, including capital leases, (2) sell, transfer, mortgage, assign, pledge, lease, grant a security interest in, or encumber any of Borrower's assets (except as allowed as Permitted Liens), or (3) sell with recourse any of Borrower's accounts, except to Lender.



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Continuity of Operations. (1) Engage in any business activities substantially different than those in which Borrower is presently engaged, (2) cease operations, liquidate, merge or restructure as a legal entity (whether by division or otherwise), consolidate with or acquire any other entity, change its name, convert to another type of entity or redomesticate, dissolve or transfer or sell Collateral out of the ordinary course of business, or (3) pay ny dividends on Borrower's stock (other than dividends payable in its stock), provided, however that notwithstanding the foregoing, but only so long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing or would result from the payment of dividends, if Borrower is a "Subchapter S Corporation" (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended), Borrower may pay cash dividends on its stock to its shareholders from time to time in amounts necessary to enable the shareholders to pay income taxes and make estimated income tax payments to satisfy their liabilities under federal and state law which arise solely from their status as Shareholders of a Subchapter S Corporation because of their ownership of shares of Borrower's stock, or purchase or retire any of Borrower's outstanding shares or alter or amend Borrower's capital structure.

Loans, Acquisitions and Guaranties. (1) Loan, invest in or advance money or assets to any other person, enterprise or entity, (2) purchase, create or acquire any interest in any other enterprise or entity, or (3) incur any obligation as surety or guarantor other than in the ordinary course of business.

Agreements. Enter into any agreement containing any provisions which would be violated or breached by the performance of Borrower's obligations under this Agreement or in connection herewith.

CESSATION OF ADVANCES. If Lender has made any commitment to make any Loan to Borrower, whether under this Agreement or under any other agreement, Lender shall have no obligation to make Loan Advances or to disburse Loan proceeds if: (A) Borrower or any Guarantor is in default under the terms of this Agreement or any of the Related Documents or any other agreement that Borrower or any Guarantor has with Lender; (B) Borrower or any Guarantor dies, becomes incompetent or becomes insolvent, files a petition in bankruptcy or similar proceedings, or is adjudged a bankrupt; (C) there occurs a material adverse change in Borrower's financial condition, in the financial condition of any Guarantor, or in the value of any Collateral securing any Loan; or (D) any Guarantor seeks, claims or otherwise attempts to limit, modify or revoke such Guarantor's guaranty of the Loan or any other loan with Lender.

RIGHT OF SETOFF. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Lender reserves a right of setoff in all Borrower's accounts with Lender (whether checking, savings, or some other account). This includes all accounts Borrower holds jointly with someone else and all accounts Borrower may open in the future. However, this does not include any IRA or Keogh accounts, or any trust accounts for which setoff would be prohibited by law. Borrower authorizes Lender, to the extent permitted by applicable law, to charge or setoff all sums owing on the Indebtedness against any and all such accounts.

DEFAULT. Each of the following shall constitute an Event of Default under this Agreement:

Payment Default. Borrower fails to make any payment when due under the Loan.

Other Defaults. Borrower fails to comply with or to perform any other term, obligation, covenant or condition contained in this Agreement or in any of the Related Documents or to comply with or to perform any term, obligation, covenant or condition contained in any other agreement between Lender and Borrower.

False Statements. Any warranty, representation or statement made or furnished to Lender by Borrower or on Borrower's behalf under this Agreement or the Related Documents is false or misleading in any material respect, either now or at the time made or furnished or becomes false or misleading at any time thereafter.

Insolvency. The dissolution or termination of Borrower's existence as a going business, the insolvency of Borrower, the appointment of a receiver for any part of Borrower's property, any assignment for the benefit of creditors, any type of creditor workout, or the commencement of any proceeding under any bankruptcy or insolvency laws by or against Borrower.

Defective Collateralization. This Agreement or any of the Related Documents ceases to be in full force and effect (including failure of any collateral document to create a valid and perfected security interest or lien) at any time and for any reason.

Creditor or Forfeiture Proceedings. Commencement of foreclosure or forfeiture proceedings, whether by judicial proceeding, self-help, repossession or any other method, by any creditor of Borrower or by any governmental agency against any collateral securing the Loan. This includes a garnishment of any of Borrower's accounts, including deposit accounts, with Lender. However, this Event of Default shall not apply if there is a good faith dispute by Borrower as to the validity or reasonableness of the claim which is the basis of the creditor or forfeiture proceeding and if Borrower gives Lender written notice of the creditor or forfeiture proceeding and deposits with Lender monies or a surety bond for the creditor or forfeiture proceeding, in an amount determined by Lender, in its sole discretion, as being an adequate reserve or bond for the dispute.

Events Affecting Guarantor. Any of the preceding events occurs with respect to any Guarantor of any of the Indebtedness or any Guarantor dies or becomes incompetent, or revokes or disputes the validity of, or liability under, any Guaranty of the Indebtedness.

Change in Ownership. Any change in ownership of twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the common stock of Borrower.

Adverse Change. A material adverse change occurs in Borrower's financial condition, or Lender believes the prospect of payment or performance of the Loan is impaired.

EFFECT OF AN EVENT OF DEFAULT. If any Event of Default shall occur, except where otherwise provided in this Agreement or the Related Documents, all commitments and obligations of Lender under this Agreement or the Related Documents or any other agreement immediately will terminate (including any obligation to make further Loan Advances or disbursements), and, at Lender's option, all Indebtedness immediately will become due and payable, all without notice of any kind to Borrower, except that hie case of an Event of Default of the type described in the "Insolvency" subsection above, such acceleration shall be automatic and not optional. In addition, Lender shall have all the rights and remedies provided in the Related Documents or available at law, in equity, or otherwise. Except as may be prohibited by applicable law, all of Lender's rights and remedies shall be cumulative and may be exercised singularly or concernently. Election by Lender to pursue any remedy shall not exclude pursuit of any other remedy, and an election to make expenditures or to take action to perform an obligation of Borrower or of any Grantor shall not affect Lender's right to declare a default and to exercise its rights and remedies.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS. The following miscellaneous provisions are a part of this Agreement:

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Amendments. This Agreement, together with any Related Documents, constitutes the entire understanding and agreement of the parties as to the matters set forth in this Agreement. No alteration of or amendment to this Agreement shall be effective unless given in writing and signed by the party or parties sought to be charged or bound by the alteration or amendment.

Attorneys' Fees; Expenses. Borrower agrees to pay upon demand all of Lender's costs and expenses, including Lender's attorneys' fees and Lender's legal expenses, incurred in connection with the enforcement of this Agreement. Lender may hire or pay someone else to help enforce this Agreement, and Borrower shall pay the costs and expenses of such enforcement. Costs and expenses include Lender's attorneys' fees and legal expenses whether or not there is a lawsuit, including attorneys' fees and legal expenses for bankruptcy proceedings (including efforts to modify or vacate any automatic stay or injunction), appeals, and any anticipated post-judgment collection services. Borrower also shall pay all court costs and such additional fees as may be directed by the court.

Caption Headings. Caption headings in this Agreement are for convenience purposes only and are not to be used to interpret or define the provisions of this Agreement.

provisions of this Agreement.

Consent to Loan Participation. Borrower agrees and consents to Lender's sale or transfer, whether now or later, of one or more participation interests in the Loan to one or more purchasers, whether related or unrelated to Lender. Lender may provide, without any limitation whatsoever, to any one or more purchasers, or potential purchasers, any information or knowledge Lender may have about Borrower or about any other matter relating to the Loan, and Borrower hereby waives any rights to privacy Borrower may have with respect to such matters. Borrower additionally waives any and all notices of sale of participation interests, as well as all notices of any repurchase of such participation interests. Borrower also agrees that the purchasers of any such participation interests will be considered as the absolute owners of such interests in the Loan and will have all the rights granted under the participation agreement or agreements governing the sale of such participation interests. Borrower further waives all rights of offset or counterclaim that it may have now or later against Lender or against any purchaser of such a participation interest and unconditionally agrees that either Lender or such purchaser may enforce Borrower's obligation under the Loan irrespective of the failure or insolvency of any holder of any interest in the Loan. Borrower defenses that Borrower may have against Lender.

Governing Law. This Agreement will be governed by federal law applicable to Lender and, to the extent not preempted by federal law, the laws of the State of New Hampshire without regard to its conflicts of law provisions. This Agreement has been accepted by Lender in the State of New Hampshire.

Choice of Venue. If there is a lawsuit, Borrower agrees upon Lender's request to submit to the jurisdiction of the courts of Essex County, Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

No Waiver by Lender. Lender shall not be deemed to have waived any rights under this Agreement unless such waiver is given in writing and signed by Lender. No delay or omission on the part of Lender in exercising any right shall operate as a waiver of such right or any other right. A waiver by Lender of a provision of this Agreement shall not prejudice or constitute a waiver of Lender's right otherwise to demand strict compliance with that provision or any other provision of this Agreement. No prior waiver by Lender, nor any course of dealing between Lender and Borrower, or between Lender and any Grantor, shall constitute a waiver of any of Lender's rights or of any of Borrower's or any Grantor's obligations as to any future transactions. Whenever the consent of Lender is required under this Agreement, the granting of such consent by Lender in any instance shall not constitute continuing consent to subsequent instances where such consent is required and in all cases such consent may be granted or withheld in the sole discretion of Lender.

Notices. Any notice required to be given under this Agreement shall be given in writing, and shall be effective when actually delivered, when actually received by telefacsimile (unless otherwise required by law), when deposited with a nationally recognized overnight courier, or, if mailed, when deposited in the United States mail, as first class, certified or registered mail postage prepaid, directed to the addresses shown near the beginning of this Agreement. Any party may change its address for notices under this Agreement by giving formal written notice to the other parties, specifying that the purpose of the notice is to change the party's address. For notice purposes, Borrower agrees to keep Lender informed at all times of Borrower's current address. Unless otherwise provided or required by law, if there is more than one Borrower, any notice given by Lender to any Borrower is deemed to be notice given to all Borrowers.

Severability. If a court of competent jurisdiction finds any provision of this Agreement to be illegal, invalid, or unenforceable as to any circumstance, that finding shall not make the offending provision illegal, invalid, or unenforceable as to any other circumstance. If feasible, the offending provision shall be considered modified so that it becomes legal, valid and enforceable. If the offending provision cannot be so modified, it shall be considered deleted from this Agreement. Unless otherwise required by law, the illegality, invalidity, or unenforceability of any provision of this Agreement shall not affect the legality, validity or enforceability of any other provision of this Agreement.

Subsidiaries and Affiliates of Borrower. To the extent the context of any provisions of this Agreement makes it appropriate, including without limitation any representation, warranty or covenant, the word "Borrower" as used in this Agreement shall include all of Borrower's subsidiaries and affiliates. Notwithstanding the foregoing however, under no circumstances shall this Agreement be construed to require Lender to make any Loan or other financial accommodation to any of Borrower's subsidiaries or affiliates.

Successors and Assigns. All covenants and agreements by or on behalf of Borrower contained in this Agreement or any Related Documents shall bind Borrower's successors and assigns and shall inure to the benefit of Lender and its successors and assigns. Borrower shall not, however, have the right to assign Borrower's rights under this Agreement or any interest therein, without the prior written consent of Lender.

Survival of Representations and Warranties. Borrower understands and agrees that in extending Loan Advances, Lender is relying on all representations, warranties, and covenants made by Borrower in this Agreement or in any certificate or other instrument delivered by Borrower to Lender under this Agreement or the Related Documents. Borrower further agrees that regardless of any investigation made by Lender, all such representations, warranties and covenants will survive the extension of Loan Advances and delivery to Lender of the Related Documents, shall be continuing in nature, shall be deemed made and redated by Borrower at the time each Loan Advance is made, and shall remain in full force and effect until such time as Borrower's Indebtedness shall be paid in full, or until this Agreement shall be terminated in the manner provided above, whichever is the last to occur.

Time is of the Essence. Time is of the essence in the performance of this Agreement

DEFINITIONS. The following capitalized words and terms shall have the following meanings when used in this Agreement. Unless specifically stated to the contrary, all references to dollar amounts shall mean amounts in lawful money of the United States of America. Words and terms used in the singular shall include the plural, and the plural shall include the singular, as the context may require. Words and terms not otherwise defined in this Agreement shall have the meanings attributed to such terms in the Uniform Commercial Code. Accounting words and terms not otherwise defined in this Agreement shall have the meanings assigned to them in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as in effect on the date of this Agreement:

Advance. The word "Advance" means a disbursement of Loan funds made, or to be made, to Borrower or on Borrower's behalf on a line of credit or multiple advance basis under the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

Agreement. The word "Agreement" means this Business Loan Agreement, as this Business Loan Agreement may be amended or modified from time to time, together with all exhibits and schedules attached to this Business Loan Agreement from time to time.

Borrower. The word "Borrower" means Autolotto, Inc. and includes all co-signers and co-makers signing the Note and all their successors and assigns

Collateral. The word "Collateral" means all property and assets granted as collateral security for a Loan, whether real or personal property, whether granted directly or indirectly, whether granted now or in the future, and whether granted in the form of a security interest, mortgage, collateral mortgage, deed of trust, assignment, pledge, crop pledge, chattel mortgage, collateral mortgage, chattel mortga

Environmental Laws. The words "Environmental Laws" mean any and all state, federal and local statutes, regulations and ordinances relating to the protection of human health or the environment, including without limitation the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended, 42 U.S.C. Section 9601, et seq. ("SERCLA"), the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-499 ("SARA"), the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act, 49 U.S.C. Section 1801, et seq., the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 6901, et seq., or other applicable state or federal laws, rules, or regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

Event of Default. The words "Event of Default" mean any of the events of default set forth in this Agreement in the default section of this Agreement.

GAAP. The word "GAAP" means generally accepted accounting principles.

Grantor. The word "Grantor" means each and all of the persons or entities granting a Security Interest in any Collateral for the Loan, including without limitation all Borrowers granting such a Security Interest.

Guarantor. The word "Guarantor" means any guarantor, surety, or accommodation party of any or all of the Loan.

Guaranty. The word "Guaranty" means the guaranty from Guarantor to Lender, including without limitation a guaranty of all or part of the

Hazardous Substances. The words "Hazardous Substances" mean materials that, because of their quantity, concentration or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics, may cause or pose a present or potential hazard to human health or the environment when improperly used, treated, stored, disposed of, generated, manufactured, transported or otherwise handled. The words "Hazardous Substances" are used in their very broadest sense and include without limitation any and all hazardous or toxic substances, materials or waste as defined by or listed under the Environmental Laws. The term "Hazardous Substances" also includes, without limitation, petroleum and petroleum by-products or any fraction thereof and asbestos.

Indebtedness. The word "Indebtedness" means the indebtedness evidenced by the Note or Related Documents, including all principal and interest together with all other indebtedness and costs and expenses for which Borrower is responsible under this Agreement or under any of the Related Documents.

Lender. The word "Lender" means The Provident Bank, its successors and assigns.

Loan. The word "Loan" means any and all loans and financial accommodations from Lender to Borrower whether now or hereafter existing, and however evidenced, including without limitation those loans and financial accommodations described herein or described on any exhibit or schedule attached to this Agreement from time to time.

Note. The word "Note" means the Note dated January 4, 2022 and executed by Autolotto, Inc. in the principal amount of \$30,000,000.00, together with all renewals of, extensions of, modifications of, refinancings of, consolidations of, and substitutions for the note or credit agreement.

Permitted Liens. The words "Permitted Liens" mean (1) liens and security interests securing Indebtedness owed by Borrower to Lender; (2) liens for taxes, assessments, or similar charges either not yet due or being contested in good faith; (3) liens of materialmen, mechanics, warehousemen, or carriers, or other like liens arising in the ordinary course of business and securing obligations which are not yet delinquent; (4) purchase money liens or purchase money security interests upon or in any property acquired or held by Borrower in the ordinary course of business to secure indebtedness outstanding on the date of this Agreement or permitted to be incurred under the paragraph of this Agreement titled "Indebtedness and Liens"; (5) liens and security interests which, as of the date of this Agreement, have been disclosed to and approved by the Lender in writing; and (6) those liens and security interests which in the aggregate constitute an immaterial and insignificant monetary amount with respect to the net value of Borrower's assets.

Related Documents. The words "Related Documents" mean all promissory notes, credit agreements, loan agreements, environmental agreements, guaranties, security agreements, mortgages, deeds of trust, security deeds, collateral mortgages, and all other instruments, agreements and documents, whether now or hereafter existing, executed in connection with the Loan.

Security Agreement. The words "Security Agreement" mean and include without limitation any agreements, promises, covenants, arrangements, understandings or other agreements, whether created by law, contract, or otherwise, evidencing, governing, representing, or creating a Security Interest.

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Security Interest. The words "Security Interest" mean, without limitation, any and all types of collateral security, present and future, whether in the form of a lien, charge, encumbrance, mortgage, deed of trust, security deed, assignment, pledge, crop pledge, chattel mortgage, collateral chattel mortgage, chattel frust, factor's lien, equipment trust, conditional sale, trust receipt, lien or title retention contract, lease or consignment intended as a security device, or any other security or lien interest whatsoever whether created by law, contract, or otherwise.

BORROWER ACKNOWLEDGES HAVING READ ALL THE PROVISIONS OF THIS BUSINESS LOAN AGREEMENT AND BORROWER AGREES TO ITS TERMS. THIS BUSINESS LOAN AGREEMENT IS DATED JANUARY 4, 2022.

AUTOLOTTO, INC

By: Ryan Dickinson, Fresident of Autolotto, Inc.

ATTEST:

Secretary or Assistant Secretary

LENDER:

THE PROVIDENT BANK

By: Authorized Signer

Laselfre, Ver. 20.2.0-047 Copy: Frestere USA Corporation 1997, 2022. As Rights Reserved. - IIII V.C.PTL.PL.C.G.FC TR.2419 PR.2

BORROWER:

PROMISSORY NOTE

Principal	Loan Date	Maturity	Loan No	Call / Coll	Account	Officer	Initials		
\$30,000,000.00						RF			
References in the boxes above are for Lender's use only and do not limit the applicability of this document to any particular loan or item. Any item above containing "***" has been omitted due to text length limitations.									

Borrower:

Autolotto, Inc. 20808 State Highway 71 West Suite B

Spicewood, TX 78669

Lender:

The Provident Bank 5 Market Stree Amesbury, MA 01913

Date of Note: January 4, 2022

Principal Amount: \$30,000,000.00

PROMISE TO PAY. Autolotto, Inc. ("Borrower") promises to pay to The Provident Bank ("Lender"), or order, in lawful money of the United States of America, the principal amount of Thirty Million & 00/100 Dollars (\$30,000,000.00) or so much as may be outstanding, together with interest on the unpaid outstanding principal balance of each advance, calculated as described in the "INTEREST CALCULATION METHOD" paragraph using an interest rate of 2.750% per annum based on a year of 360 days. Interest shall be calculated from the date of each advance until repayment of each advance. The interest rate may change under the terms and conditions of the "INTEREST AFTER DEFAULT" section.

PAYMENT. Borrower will pay this loan in one payment of all outstanding principal plus all accrued unpaid interest on January 4, 2024. In addition, Borrower will pay regular monthly payments of all accrued unpaid interest due as of each payment date, beginning February 4, 2022, with all subsequent interest payments to be due on the same day of each month after that. Unless otherwise agreed or required by applicable law, payments will be applied first to any accrued unpaid interest; then to principal; then to any escrow or reserve account payments as required under any mortgage, deed of trust, or other security instrument or security agreement securing this Note; then to any late charges; and then to any unpaid collection costs.

INTEREST CALCULATION METHOD. Interest on this Note is computed on a 365/360 basis; that is, by applying the ratio of the interest rate over a year of 360 days, multiplied by the outstanding principal balance, multiplied by the actual number of days the principal balance is outstanding (but not including February 29 in leap years). All interest payable under this Note is computed using this method. This calculation method results in a higher effective interest rate than the numeric interest rate stated in this Note.

APPLICABLE INTEREST RATES. Borrower expressly agrees that the interest rates specified in this Note shall be the applicable interest rates due (A) on amounts outstanding during the term of this Note, notwithstanding the rate of interest prescribed by statute from time to time, and (B) with respect to any amounts outstanding on and after the maturity date of this Note.

RECEIPT OF PAYMENTS. All payments must be made in U.S. dollars and must be received by Lender at:

The Provident Bank Department 3830 PO Box 4110 Woburn, MA 01888

All payments must be received by Lender consistent with any written payment instructions provided by Lender.

All payments must be received by Lender consistent with any written payment instructions provided by Lender.

PREPAYMENT. Borrower may pay without penalty all or a portion of the amount owed earlier than it is due. Early payments will not, unless agreed to by Lender in writing, relieve Borrower of Borrower's obligation to continue to make payments of accrued unpaid interest. Rather, early payments will reduce the principal balance due. Borrower agrees not to send Lender payments marked "paid in full", "without recourse", or similar language. If Borrower sends such a payment, Lender may accept it without losing any of Lender's rights under this Note, and Borrower will remain obligated to pay any further amount owed to Lender. All written communications concerning disputed amounts, including any check or other payment instrument that indicates that the payment constitutes "payment in full" of the amount owed or that is tendered with other conditions or limitations or as full satisfaction of a disputed amount must be mailed or delivered to: The Provident Bank, 5 Market Street, Amesbury, MA 01913.

LATE CHARGE. If a payment is 10 days or more late, Borrower will be charged 3.000% of the unpaid portion of the regularly scheduled payment or \$25.00, whichever is greater.

INTEREST AFTER DEFAULT. Upon default, at Lender's option, and if permitted by applicable law, Lender may add any unpaid accrued interest to principal and such sum will bear interest therefrom until paid at the rate provided in this Note (including any increased rate). Upon default, the interest rate on this Note shall be increased by 5.000 percentage points. However, in no event will the interest rate exceed the maximum interest rate limitations under applicable law.

DEFAULT. Each of the following shall constitute an event of default ("Event of Default") under this Note:

Payment Default. Borrower fails to make any payment when due under this Note

Other Defaults. Borrower fails to comply with or to perform any other term, obligation, covenant or condition contained in this Note or in any of the related documents or to comply with or to perform any term, obligation, covenant or condition contained in any other agreement between Lender and Borrower.

False Statements. Any warranty, representation or statement made or furnished to Lender by Borrower or on Borrower's behalf under this Note or the related documents is false or misleading in any material respect, either now or at the time made or furnished or becomes false or misleading at any time thereafter.

Insolvency. The dissolution or termination of Borrower's existence as a going business, the insolvency of Borrower, the appointment of a receiver for any part of Borrower's property, any assignment for the benefit of creditors, any type of creditor workout, or the commencement of any proceeding under any bankruptcy or insolvency laws by or against Borrower.

Creditor or Forfeiture Proceedings. Commencement of foreclosure or forfeiture proceedings, whether by judicial proceeding, self-help, repossession or any other method, by any creditor of Borrower or by any governmental agency against any collateral securing the loan. This includes a garnishment of any of Borrower's accounts, including deposit accounts, with Lender. However, this Event of Default shall not apply if there is a good faith dispute by Borrower as to the validity or reasonableness of the claim which is the basis of the creditor or forfeiture proceeding and if Borrower gives Lender written notice of the creditor or forfeiture proceeding and deposits with Lender monies or

a surety bond for the creditor or forfeiture proceeding, in an amount determined by Lender, in its sole discretion, as being an adequate reserve or bond for the dispute.

Events Affecting Guarantor. Any of the preceding events occurs with respect to any guarantor, endorser, surely, or accommodation party of any of the indebtedness or any guarantor, endorser, surely, or accommodation party dies or becomes incompetent, or revokes or disputes the validity of, or liability under, any guaranty of the indebtedness evidenced by this Note.

Change In Ownership. Any change in ownership of twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the common stock of Borrower.

Adverse Change. A material adverse change occurs in Borrower's financial condition, or Lender believes the prospect of payment or performance of this Note is impaired.

LENDER'S RIGHTS. Upon default, Lender may declare the entire unpaid principal balance under this Note and all accrued unpaid interest immediately due, and then Borrower will pay that amount.

ATTORNEYS' FEES; EXPENSES. Lender may hire or pay someone else to help collect this Note if Borrower does not pay. Borrower will pay Lender that amount. This includes, subject to any limits under applicable law, Lender's attorneys' fees and Lender's legal expenses, whether or not there is a lawsuit, including attorneys' fees, expenses for bankruptcy proceedings (including efforts to modify or vacate any automatic stay or injunction), and appeals. If not prohibited by applicable law, Borrower also will pay any court costs, in addition to all other sums provided by

GOVERNING LAW. This Note will be governed by federal law applicable to Lender and, to the extent not preempted by federal law, the laws of the State of New Hampshire without regard to its conflicts of law provisions. This Note has been accepted by Lender in the State of New Hampshire.

CHOICE OF VENUE. If there is a lawsuit, Borrower agrees upon Lender's request to submit to the jurisdiction of the courts of Essex County, Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

DISHONORED ITEM FEE. Borrower will pay a fee to Lender of \$35.00 if Borrower makes a payment on Borrower's loan and the check or preauthorized charge with which Borrower pays is later dishonored.

RIGHT OF SETOFF. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Lender reserves a right of setoff in all Borrower's accounts with Lender (whether checking, savings, or some other account). This includes all accounts Borrower holds jointly with someone else and all accounts Borrower may open in the future. However, this does not include any IRA or Keogh accounts, or any trust accounts for which setoff would be prohibited by law. Borrower authorizes Lender, to the extent permitted by applicable law, to charge or setoff all sums owing on the indebtedness against any and all such accounts.

LINE OF CREDIT. This Note evidences a straight line of credit. Once the total amount of principal has been advanced, Borrower is not entitled to further loan advances. Advances under this Note, as well as directions for payment from Borrower's accounts, may be requested orally or in writing by Borrower or by an authorized person. Lender may, but need not, require that all oral requests be confirmed in writing. Borrower agrees to be liable for all sums either: (A) advanced in accordance with the instructions of an authorized person or (B) credited to any of Borrower's accounts with Lender. The unpaid principal balance owing on this Note at any time may be evidenced by endorsements on this Note or by Lender's internal records, including daily computer print-outs.

SUCCESSOR INTERESTS. The terms of this Note shall be binding upon Borrower, and upon Borrower's heirs, personal representatives, successors and assigns, and shall inure to the benefit of Lender and its successors and assigns.

NOTIFY US OF INACCURATE INFORMATION WE REPORT TO CONSUMER REPORTING AGENCIES. Borrower may notify Lender if Lender reports any inaccurate information about Borrower's account(s) to a consumer reporting agency. Borrower's written notice describing the specific inaccuracy(ies) should be sent to Lender at the following address: The Provident Bank Attention Loan Processing 5 Market Street Amesbury, MA 01913.

GENERAL PROVISIONS. If any part of this Note cannot be enforced, this fact will not affect the rest of the Note. Lender may delay or forgo enforcing any of its rights or remedies under this Note without losing them. Borrower and any other person who signs, guarantees or endorses this Note, to the extent allowed by law, waive presentment, demand for payment, and notice of dishonor. Upon any change in the terms of this Note, and unless otherwise expressly stated in writing, no party who signs this Note, whether as maker, guarantor, accommodation maker or endorser, shall be released from liability. All such parties agree that Lender may renew or extend (repeatedly and for any length of time) this loan or release any party or guarantor or collateral; or impair, fail to realize upon or perfect Lender's security interest in the collateral; and take any other action deemed necessary by Lender without the consent of or notice to anyone. All such parties also agree that Lender may modify this loan without the consent of or notice to anyone other than the party with whom the modification is made. The obligations under this Note are joint and several.

PROMISSORY NOTE (Continued)

Page 3

PRIOR TO SIGNING THIS NOTE, BORROWER READ AND UNDER TERMS OF THE NOTE. BORROWER ACKNOWLEDGES RECEIPT OF A COMPLETED COPY	STOOD ALL THE PROVISIONS OF THIS NOTE. BORROWER AGREES TO THE
BORROWER:	
AUTOLOTTO, ING. By: Fyav Market State of Autolotto, Inc.	
ATTEST: Secretary or Assistant Secretary	(Corporate Seal)

CERTIFICATION

I, Mark Gustavson, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Lottery.com Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15 (f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 22, 2023 By:/s/ Mark Gustavson

Mark Gustavson
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial/Accounting
Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SS. 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Lottery.com Inc. (the "<u>Company</u>") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "<u>Report</u>"), I, Mark Gustavson, Principal Executive and Principal Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company at the dates and for the periods indicated.

Date: May 22, 2023 By: /s/ Mark Gustavson

Mark Gustavson Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial/Accounting Officer)